DOT/FAA/DS-89/03

Advanced System Design Service Washington, D.C. 20591

FAA Rotorcraft Research, Engineering, and Development Bibliography, 1962-1988

Robert D. Smith

Advanced System Design Service Federal Aviation Administration Washington, D.C. 20591

March 1989

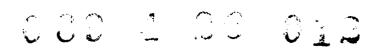
Bibliography

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		Technical Report Documentation Page
1. Report No. DOT/FAA/DS-89/03	2 Government Accession No	3. Recopient's Cutalog No
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FAA Rotorcraft Researc	h, Engineering and	March 1989
Development - Bibliogr	-	6 Performing Organization Code
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		8. Performing Organization Report No
7. Author s'		
Robert D. Smith		
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Federal Aviation Admin		
Advanced System Design Service		11 Contract or Grant No
Rotorcraft Technology Branch, ADS-220		
Washington, D.C. 20591		13 Type of Report and Period Covered
12 Sponsoring Agency Name and Add		
Federal Aviation Admin		Bibliography 1962-1988
Advanced System Design Service		14 Sponsoring Agency Code
Rotorcraft Technology Branch, ADS-220		
Washington, D.C. 20591		ADS-220
15 Supplementary Notes		
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This is a bibliography of FAA rotorcraft reports published from 1962 to 1988. This report is a supplement to an earlier bibliography, "FAA Helicopter/Heliport Research, Engineering, and Development - Bibliography, 1964-1986" (FAA/PM-86/47) (AD-A174697). Both bibliographies are limited to documents in which the research, engineering, and development elements of the FAA were involved as sponsors, participants, or authors.

This bibliography contains abstracts on 53 technical reports. The indexes in this document address these 53 reports as well as the 133 reports in the earlier bibliography (FAA/PM-86/47).

17. Key Words			18. Distribution States	ment		
Helicopter Heliport Rotorcraft Bibliography	Tiltrotor Vertiport Powered-Li	ft Aircraft	through the N	is available to National Technica Ingfield, Virgini	al Informatio	
19. Security Classif. (of	this report	20. Security Clas	sif. (of this page)	21. No. of Pages	27. Price	
Unclassified		Unclass	ified	100		İ

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- INTRODUCTION. This bibliography has been assembled as an aid for those who are interested in rotorcraft/heliport research, engineering, and development. It includes those within the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), those in industry, and those in state and local governments. This report is a supplement to "FAA Helicopter/Heliport Research, Engineering, and Development - Bibliography, 1964 - 1986" (FAA/PM-86/47) published in November 1986 (NTIS accession number AD-A174697). bibliography and indexes in this report include all of what was published in the earlier document. However, Appendix E of this report does not contain any abstracts which were included in FAA/PM-86/47. Abstracts herein are only for those reports which have been published subsequent to the earlier bibliography plus any earlier reports which were inadvertently overlooked. report does include all the abstracts and indexes contained in an earlier supplemental bibliography, "FAA Rotorcraft Research Engineering, and Development Bibliography, 1964 - 1987" (PS-88-1-LR).
- 2. <u>SCOPE</u>. In selecting technical reports to be included in this bibliography, two limitations have been observed. First, the reports are specifically related, in whole or in part, to rotorcraft. Second, they are limited to reports in which the research, engineering, and development elements of the FAA have been involved as sponsors, participants, or authors.
- 3. <u>AVAILABILITY OF DOCUMENTS</u>. The technical reports listed in this bibliography are readily available from three sources:
 - a. National Technical Information Service (NTIS). Many of the technical reports listed in this bibliography are available thru NTIS. These documents can be identified via the statement in block 18 of the technical report documentation page (Form DOT F 1700.7) contained in Appendix E of this bibliography and in Appendix E of the earlier bibliography (FAA/PM-86/47). For those reports available from NTIS, the accession number is given in block 2 of the technical report documentation page (unless it was not available at the time the bibliography was published). In ordering a document from NTIS, the accession number should be used. The cost is dependent on the number of pages in the document (see table 1). Documents are available from NTIS both in microfiche and paper copy. Generally, the paper copies are printed from microfiche.
 - b. American Helicopter Society (AHS). Copies of virtually all of the technical reports listed in this bibliography have been given to AHS. Both AHS members and nonmembers may obtain copies of reports for a small fee.
 - c. <u>Helicopter Association International (HAI)</u>. Copies of virtually all of the technical reports listed in this

bibliography have been given to HAI. HAI members may obtain copies of reports for a small fee.

4. ORDER OF THE LISTING. In the bibliographic listing (see Appendix A), technical reports are listed in order of the year in which they were published. Within the year of publication, reports are listed sequentially according to report number. Some reports do not include the year of publication as part of the document number. Such a report is listed after other reports published in the same year. (e.g., NAE-AN-26, published in 1985, is listed after the other reports published in 1985.)

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- 5. <u>NEW DOCUMENTS OF PARTICULAR INTEREST</u>. Based on discussions with people in industry, the following new technical reports cover topics of wide spread interest.
 - a. FAA/PM-87/31 Analyses of Heliport System Plans
 - b. FAA/PM-87/32 Four Urban Heliport Case Studies
 - c. FAA/PM-87/33 Heliport System Planning Guidelines

Commentary: Documents a, b, and c are part of an FAA effort to promote heliports. The FAA plans to use these three technical reports to develop heliport planning sections that will be added to two FAA advisory circulars: AC 150/5050-3A, Planning the State Airport System, and AC 150/5070-5, Planning the Metropolitan Airport System. The revised advisory circulars will help ensure standardization in the forecasting, data collection, and data presentation methods and procedures used in heliport planning.

- d. FAA/CT-TN87/40 Heliport Visual Approach and Departure Airspace Tests, Volume I: Summary
- e. FAA/DS-88/12 Minimum Required Heliport Airspace Under Visual Flight Rules

Commentary: Documents d and e are the first of a number of technical reports addressing the validation/revision of the minimum required heliport airspace under visual flight rules (VFR).

- f. FAA/DS-88/5 Aeronautical Decision Making for Air Ambulance Helicopter Pilots:
 Learning from Past Mistakes
- g. FAA/DS-88/6 Aeronautical Decision Making for Air Ambulance Helicopter Pilots: Situational Awareness Exercises

Commentary: Documents f and g are the first of a family of technical reports addressing judgment training for air ambulance helicopter pilots. These two documents supplement the material contained in FAA/PM-86/45, Aeronautical Decision Making for Helicopter Pilots.

h. FAA/DS-88/2 "Zero/Zero" Rotorcraft Certification Issues

Commentary: Document h is a three volume report documenting the results of a certification issues forum held in Phoenix, Arizona in August 1987. This report documents; from the viewpoints of manufacturers, operators, researchers, and the FAA; certification issues that must be addressed in order to allow rotorcraft to fly in extremely low visibility conditions.

APPENDIX A: BIBLIOGRAPHY

115-608-3X (June 1962)	A Simulation Study of IFR Helicopter Operations in the New York Area (A.L. Sluka, J.R. Bradley, D.W. Yungman, D.A. Martin and Franklin Institute Laboratories)
RD-64-4	State-of-the-Art Survey for Minimum Approach, Landing and Takeoff Intervals as Dictated by Wakes, Vortices, and Weather Phenomena (W.J. Bennett)
RD-64-55	Analytical Determination of the Velocity Fields in the Wakes of Specified Aircraft (W.J. Bennett)
RD-66-46	VORTAC Error Analysis for Helicopter Navigation, New York City Area (Ronald Braff)
RD-66-68	V/STOL Approach System Steep Angle Flight Tests (Glen D. Adams)
NA-67-1 DS-67-23	An Analysis of the Helicopter Height Velocity Diagram Including a Practical Method for its Determination (William J. Hanley, Gilbert Devore)
RD-67-36	Economic and Technical Feasibility Analysis of Establishing an All-Weather V/STOL Transportation System (Joseph M. Del Balzo)
RD-67-68 NA-68-21	VTOL and STOL Simulation Study (Robert C. Conway)
NA-69-2 RD-68-61	Flight Test and Evaluation of Heliport Lighting for VFR (Richard L. Sulzer, Thomas H. Paprocki)
FAA-RD-70-10 FAA-NA-70-7	Evaluation of LORAN-C/D Airborne Systems (George H. Quinn)
FAA-RD-71-96 FAA-NA-71-45	Analytical Study of the Adequacy of VOR/DME and DME/DME Guidance Signals for V/STOL Area Navigation in the Los Angeles Area (Bernhart V. Dinerman)
FAA-RD-71-105	Heliport Beacon Design, Construction, and Testing (Fred Walter)
FAA-NA-72-39	Index of NAFEC Technical Reports, 1967-1971
FAA-NA-72-41	Collision Avoidance: An Annotated Bibliography, September 1968 April 1972 (Dorothy E. Bulford)

FAA-RD-72-133 FAA-NA-72-89	Flight Test and Evaluation of Heliport Lighting for IFR (Thomas H. Paprocki)
FAA-EM-73-8	Civil Aviation Midair Collisions Analysis, January 1964 - December 1971 (T.R. Simpson, R.A. Rucker, J.P. Murray)
FAA-EM-73-8 Addendum 1	Civil Aviation Midair Collisions Analysis, 1972 Added to 1964-1971 Results (R.A. Rucker, T.R. Simpson)
FAA-RD-73-47 FAA-NA-72-95	ATC Concepts for V/STOL Vehicles, Parts 1 and 2 (Sidney B. Rossiter, John Maurer, Paul J. O'Brien)
FAA-RD-73-145	V/STOL Noise Prediction and Reduction (Wiley A. Guinn, Dennis F. Blakney, John S. Gibson)
FAA-RD-74-48 FAA-NA-73-68	A Summary of Helicopter Vorticity and Wake Turbulence Publications with an Annotated Bibliography (Jack J. Shrager)
FAA-RD-75-79	A Comprehensive Review of Helicopter Noise Literature (B. Magliozzi, F.B. Metzger, W. Bausch, R.J. King)
FAA-RD-75-94	Wind and Turbulence Information for Vertical and Short Take-Off and Landing (V/STOL) Operations in Built-Up Urban Areas-Results of Meteorological Survey (J.V. Ramsdell)
FAA-RD-75-125	V/STOL Aircraft Noise Predictions (Jet Propulsors) (N.N. Reddy, D.F. Blakney, J.G. Tibbets, J.S. Gibson)
FAA-RD-75-190	Noise Certification Criteria and Implementation Considerations for V/STOL Aircraft (MAN-Acoustics and Noise, Inc.)
FAA-RD-76-1	Human Response to Sound: The Calculation of Preceived Level, PLdB (Noisiness or Loudness) Directly From Physical Measures (Thomas H. Higgins)
FAA-RD-76-49	V/STOL Rotary Propulsion Systems - Noise Prediction and Reduction (B. Magliozzi)
	Vol-I: Identification of Sources, Noise Generating Mechanisms, Noise Reduction Mechanisms, and Prediction Methodology Vol-II: Graphical Prediction Methods Vol-III: Computer Program User's Manual

FAA-RD-76-100 NASA TM X-73,124	Progress Toward Development of Civil Airworthiness Criteria for Powered-Lift Aircraft (Barry C. Scott, Charles S. Hynes, Paul W. Martin, Ralph B. Bryder)
FAA-RD-76-116	Noise Certification Considerations for Helicopters Based on Laboratory Measurements (MAN-Acoustics and Noise)
FAA-RD-76-146	A Comparison of Air Radio Navigation Systems (For Helicopters In Off-Shore Areas) (George H. Quinn)
FAA-EM-77-15	Bibliography: Airports (Transportation Research Board)
FAA-RD-77-57	Helicopter Noise Measurements Data Report (Harold C. True, Richard M. Letty)
	Vol-I: Helicopter Models: Hughes 300-C, Hughes 500-C, Bell 47-G, Bell 206-L Vol-II: Helicopter Models: Bell 212 (UH-IN), Sikorsky S-61 (SH-3A), Sikorsky S-64 "Skycrane" CH-54B, Boeing Vertol "Chinook" (CH-47C)
FAA-RD-77-94	Noise Characteristics of Eight Helicopters (Harold C. True, E.J. Rickley)
FAA-RD-77-100	Study to Improve Turbine Engine Rotor Blade Containment (K.F. Heermann, R.H. Eriksson, K.R. McClure)
NA -78-55-LR	Limited Test of LORAN-C and Omega for Helicopter Operations in the Offshore New Jersey Area (Robert H. Pursel)
FAA-RD-78-101	Helicopter Operations Development Plan
FAA-RD-78-143	Aircraft Wake Vortex Takeoff Tests at Toronto International Airport (Thomas Sullivan, James Hallock, Berl Winston, Ian McWilliams, David C. Burnham)
FAA-RD-78-150	Helicopter Air Traffic Control Operations
FAA-RD-78-157	Review of Airworthiness Standards for Certification of Helicopters for Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) Operations (Joseph J. Traybar, David L. Green, Albert G. Delucien)

FAA-RD-70 59	Powered-Lift Aircraft Handling Qualities in the Presence of Natually-Occurring and Computer-Generated Atmospheric Disturbances (Wayne F. Jewell, Warren F. Clement, Thomas C. West, Dr. S.R.M. Sinclair)
FAA-RD-79-64	Workload and the Certification of Helicopters for IFR Operations (Albert G. Delucien, David L. Green, Steven W. Jordan, Joseph J. Traybar)
FAA-RD-79-99	Airborne Radar Approach System Flight Test Experiment (Larry D. King, Richard J. Adams)
FAA-RD-79-123 FAA-NA-79-22	Test and Evaluation of Air/Ground Communications for Helicopter Operations in the Offshore New Jersey, Baltimore Canyon Oil Exploration Area (James J. Coyle)
FAA-RD-80-17 FAA-NA-80-13	Northeast Corridor User Evaluation (Joseph Harrigan)
FAA-RD-80-18 FAA-NA-80-8	Flight Evaluation of a Radar Cursor Technique as an Aid to Airborne Radar Approaches (Joseph Perez)
FAA-RD-80-20	Helicopter Communications System Study (Michael White, Dana Swann)
FAA-RD-80-22 FAA-NA-79-86	Airborne Radar Approach (Cliff Mackin)
FAA-RD-80-24	Icing Characteristics of Low Altitude, Super Cooled Layer Clouds (Richard K. Jeck)
NA-80-34-LR	Survey of Heliport Lighting and Marking Systems (Thomas H. Paprocki)
FAA-RD-80-47 FAA-CT-80-18	Flight Test Investigation of LORAN-C for En Route Navigation in the Gulf of Mexico (Robert H. Pursel)
FAA-RD-80-58	Study of Helicopter Performance and Terminal Instrument Procedures (Albert G. DeLucien, David L. Green, H.R. Price, F.D. Smith)
FAA-RD-80-59	Helicopter Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS) Development Program
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FAA-RD-80-85	Proposed ATC System for the Gulf of Mexico, Helicopter Operations Development Program (D. James Freund, Tirey K. Vickers)
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FAA-RD-80-88	Recommended Short-Term ATC Improvements for Helicopters (Tirey K. Vickers, D.J. Freund)
	Vol-I: Summary of Short Term Improvements Vol-II: Recommended Helicopter ATC Training Material Vol-III: Operational Description of Experimental LORAN-C Flight Following (LOFF) in the Houston Area
FAA-RD-80-107	Study of Heliport Airspace and Real Estate Requirements (Albert G. DeLucien, F.D. Smith)
FAA-CT-80-175	LORAN-C Non-Precision Approaches in the Northeast Corridor (Frank Lorge)
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FAA-RD-81-27 FAA-CT-80-53	Flight Evaluation of LORAN-C as a Helicopter Navigation Aid in the Baltimore Canyon Oil Exploration Area (William A. Wynn)

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FAA/RD-81/40	Improved Weather Services for Helicopter Operations in the Gulf of Mexico (Arthur Hilsenrod)
FAA-CT-81-54	Index of National Aviation Facilities Experimental Center Technical Reports, 1972-1977 (Ruth J. Farrell, Nancy G. Boylan)
FAA-RD-81-55	Recommended Changes to ATC Procedures for Helicopter (Glen A. Gilbert, Tirey K. Vickers)
FAA-RD-81-59	Helicopter Area Air Traffic Control Demonstration Plan (Tirey K. Vickers, D. James Freund)
FAA/RD-81/92	Weather Deterioration Models Applied to Alternate Airport Criteria (Edwin D. McConey)
FAA-CT-81-167	Terminal Helicopter Instrument Procedures (TERPS) (Robert H. Pursel)
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FAA/RD-82/6	Instrument Approach Aids for Helicopter (Edwin D. McConkey, Ronald E. Ace)
FAA/RD-82/7 FAA/CT-81/72	Flight Test Investigation of Area Calibrated LORAN-C for En Route Navigation in the Gulf of Mexico (John G. Morrow)
FAA/RD-82/8 FAA/CT-81/73	Initial FAA Tests on the Navigation System Using Time and Ranging Global Positioning System Z-Set Receiver (Robert J. Esposito)
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rAA/RD-82/16	3D LORAN-C Navigation Documentation (Eric H. Bolz, Larry D. King)
FAA/RD-82/24 FAA/CT-82/32	LORAN-C En Route Accuracies in the Central Appalachian Region (Frank Lorge) 10

FAA/RD-82/40	Application of the MLS to Helicopter Operations (Edwin D. McConkey, John B. McKinley, Ronald E. Ace)
FAA/CT-82/57	Northeast Corridor Helicopter Area Navigation Accuracy Evaluation (Jack D. Edmonds)
FAA/RD-82/63	EMC Analysis of a Prototype Civil-Use GPS Receiver on Four Aircraft Configurations (Robert L. Mullen)
FAA/RD-82/71 FAA/CT-82/64	Global Positioning System En Route/Terminal Exploratory Test (Jerome T. Connor, Robert J. Esposito, Philip Lizzi)
FAA/RD-82/78 FAA/CT-82/76	LORAN-C Nonprecision Approaches in the Northeast Corridor (Frank Lorge)
FAA/CT-82/103	Flight Test Route Structure Statistics of Helicopter GPS Navigation with the Magnavox Z-Set (Robert D. Till)
FAA/CT-82/120	All Weather Heliport (Paul H. Jones)
FAA/CT-82/143	Safety Benefits Analysis of General Aviation Cockpit Standardization (Bruce E. Beddow, Sidney Berger, Charles E. Roberts, Jr.)
FAA/CT-82/152	Review of Aircraft Crash Structural Response Research (Emmett A. Witmer, David J. Steigmann)
FAA/CT-TN83/03	Helicopter Global Positioning System Navigation with the Magnavox Z-Set (Robert D. Till)
FAA/PM-83/4	Alaska LORAN-C Flight Test Evaluation (Larry D. King, Edwin D. McConkey)
FAA/CT-83/6	General Aviation Safety Research Issues (Robert J. Ontiveros)
FAA/CT-83/7	Engineering and Development Program Plan, Aircraft Icing
FAA/CT-83/21 NRL Report 8738	A New Data Base of Supercooled Cloud Variables for Altitudes up to 10,000 Feet AGL and the Implications for Low Altitude Aircraft Icing (Richard K. Jeck)
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FAA/PM-83-32	Conus LORAN-C Error Budget: Flight Test (Larry D. King, Kristen J. Venezia, Edwin D. McConkey)

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FAA/CT-TN84/16	Helicopter MLS (Collocated) Flight Test Plan to Determine Optimum Course Width (James H. Enias)
FAA/CT-TN84/20	Helicopter MLS Collocated Flight Test for TERPS Data (James H. Enias, Paul Maenza, Donald P. Pate)
FAA/PM-84/22	Heliport Snow and Ice Control, Methods and Guidelines (John B. McKinley, Robert B. Newman)
FAA/PM-84/23	Structural Design Guidelines for Heliports (Charles W. Schwartz, Matthew W. Witczak, Rita B. Leahy)
FAA/PM-84/25	Evaluating Wind Flow Around Buildings on Heliport Placement (John B. McKinley)
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PM-85-3-LR	Volume 2: Appendixes
PM-85-4-LR	Volume 3: Viewgraphs
FAA/CT-TN85/5	Gulf of Mexico Helicopter Loran C Stability Study (Roseann M. Weiss)
FAA/PM-85/6	Helicopter User Survey: TCAS (Frank R. Taylor)
FAA/CT-85/7	State-of-The-Art Review on Composite Material Fatigue/Damage Tolerance (Regional L. Amory, David S. Wang) 12

FAA/PM-85/7	MLS for Heliport Operators, Owners, and Users (Kristen J. Venezia, Edwin D. McConkey)
FAA/PM-85/8	VHF-AM Communications Equipment, Selection and Installation Practices for Helicopters (Eric H. Bolz, Larry D. King)
FAA/CT-85/11	Analysis of Rotorcraft Crash Dynamics for Development of Improved Crashworthiness Design Criteria (Joseph W. Coltman, Akif O. Bolukbasi, David H. Laananen)
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FAA/CT-TN85/17	Nonprecision Approaches in the Northeast Corridor Using Second Generation Loran Receivers (Barry Billmann, John G. Morrow, Christopher Wolf)
FAA/CT-TN85/23	Test Plan for Siting, Installation, and Operational Suitability of the AWOS at Heliports (Rene' A. Matos)
FAA/CT-TN85/24	Helicopter Terminal Instrument Approach Procedures (VOR/ILS) (Christopher Wolf)
FAA/CT-85/26	Summary of Artificial and Natural Icing Tests Conducted on U.S. Army Aircraft from 1974 to 1985 (Harry W. Chambers, John Y. Adams)
FAA/PM-85/29	Traffic Alert and Collision System (TCAS) Surveillance Performance in Helicopters (William H. Harman, Jerry D. Welch, M. Loren Wood)
FAA/PM-85/30	Pilot Evaluation of TCAS in the Long Ranger Helicopter (John W. Andrews)
FAA/CT-TN85/43	Helicopter MLS RNAV Development and Flight Test Project, Project Plan (James H. Remer)
FAA/CT-TN85/49	Test Plan for Rotorcraft Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System (TCAS) (Albert J. Rehmann)
FAA/CT-TN85/53	Validation of MLS Siting Criteria for MLS Steep Angle Approaches to a Heliport (Scott Shollenberger)
FAA/CT-TN85/55	Pilot Inflight Evaluation of MLS Procedures at Heliports (James H. Enias)

FAA/CT-TN85/58 Technical Support of the Wall Street/Battery Park City Heliport MLS Project (Barry R. Billmann, Michael M. Webb, James H. Enias) FAA/CT-TN85/60 Rotorcraft TCAS Evaluation, Group 1 Results (Albert J. Rehmann) FAA/CT-TN85/63 Computed Centerline MLS Approach Demonstration at Washington National Airport (James H. Remer) FAA/CT-TN85/64 Heliport MLS Critical Area Flight Tests (Robert S. Jeter) FAA/CT-TN85/83 Rotorcraft TCAS Evaluation Bench Test Report (Arthur W. Cushman, Albert J. Rehmann, John Warren) NAE-AN-26 NRC No. 24173 A Preliminary Investigation of Handling Qualities Requirements for Helicopter Instrument Flight During Decelerating Approach Manoeuvres and Overshoot (Stan Kereliuk, J. Murray Morgan) February 1985 FAA/CT-86/8 Determination of Electrical Properties of Grounding, Bonding and Fastening Techniques for Composite Materials (William W. Cooley) FAA/PM-86/10 Very Short Range Statistical Forecasting of Automated Weather Observations (Robert G. Miller) FAA/FM-86/14 NASA CR-177407 Heliport MLS Flight Inspection Project (Scott Shollenberger, Barry R. Billmann) FAA/PM-86/15 NASA CR-177407 FEChnical Requirements for Benchmark Simulator-Based Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS) Evaluation (Anil V. Phatak, John A. Sorensen) FAA/CT-TN86/17 LORAN Offshore Flight Following Project Plan (Jean Evans, Frank Lorge) FAA/CT-TN86/21 Heliport Electroluminescent (E-L) Lighting System, Preliminary Evaluation (Paul H. Jones) FAA/CT-TN86/24 Study of General Aviation Fire Accidents (1974-1983) (Ludwig Benner Jr., Richard Clarke, Russell Lawton)		
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FAA/CT-88/21	Experimental Guidelines for the Design of Turbine Rotor Fragment Containment Rings (James T. Salvino, Robert A. DeLucia, Tracy Russo)	
FAA/CT-88/23	Statistics on Aircraft Gas Turbine Engine Rotor Failures that Occurred in U.S. Commercial Aviation During 1982 (Robert A. Delucia, James T. Salvino)	

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FAA-RD-80-59 FAA-RD-80-60 FAA-RD-80-85
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FAA-RD-80-85	FAA-CT-80-175	FAA-RD-81-59
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FAA/PM-84/31 FAA/PM-86/10 FAA/PM-87/2

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FAA-NA-72-39 FAA-RD-74-48 FAA-RD-75-79 FAA-EM-77-15 FAA-RD-81-7-LR FAA-CT-81-54 FAA/CT-82/152 FAA/PM-86/47 PS-88-1-LR

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FAA/CT-TN87/10

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HELIPORT SNOW AND ICE CONTROL

FAA/PM-84/22

HELIPORT VFR AIRSPACE

FAA-RD-80-107	FAA/RD-81/35	FAA/CT-TN86/61
FAA/CT-TN87/40	FAA/CT-TN88/5	FAA/DS-88/12

HIGH FREQUENCY (HF) COMMUNICATION

FAA-RD-78-150

HOLDING PATTERNS

FAA-RD-78-150	FAA-RD-80-59	FAA-RD-80-80
FAA-RD-80-86	FAA-RD-80-88	FAA/CT-TN86/63

HUMAN FACTORS (See also Flight Controls, Flight Displays, TCAS and Training)

FAA-RD-81-59	FAA/CT-83/6	FAA/CT-83/40
FAA/PM-86/28	FAA/PM-86/45	

ICING (See also Weather and Weather Forecasting)

FAA-RD-78-101	FAA-RD-80-24	FAA-CT-80-210
FAA/CT-81/35	FAA/CT-83/7	FAA/CT-83/21
FAA/CT-83/22	FAA/PM-84/22	FAA/CT-85/26
FAA/CT-86/35		

INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEM (INS)

FAA-RD-76-146	FAA-RD-80-85	FAA/RD-82/7
FAA/RD-82/24		

INSTRUMENT LANDING SYSTEM (ILS)

FAA/RD-82/6	FAA/CT-TN85/24	FAA/PM-86/14
FAA/PM-86/15	FAA/PM-86/25,I	

LIGHTING (See Heliport Lighting)

LIGHTNING AND ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE (EMI)

FAA	/CT-	86	/8
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FAA/CT-87/19

LORAN-C (See also LOFF)

FAA-RD-70-10	FAA-RD-76-146	NA-78-55-LR
FAA-RD-78-101	FAA-RD-78-150	FAA-RD-80-20
FAA-RD-80-47	FAA-RD-80-85	FAA-RD-80-87
FAA-RD-80-88	FAA-CT-80-175	FAA-RD-81-27
FAA-RD-81-59	FAA/RD-82/6	FAA/RD-82/7
FAA/RD-82/16	FAA/RD-82/24	FAA/RD-82/57
FAA/RD-82/78	FAA/PM-83/4	FAA/PM-83/32
FAA/CT-TN85/5	FAA/CT-TN85/17	FAA/PM-86/14
FAA/PM-86/15		

LORAN-C VERTICAL NAVIGATION (VNAV)

FAA/RD-82/16

FAA/CT-TN86/56

LORAN FLIGHT FOLLOWING (LOFF)

FAA-RD-80-85	FAA-RD-80-87	FAA-RD-80-88
FAA-RD-81-55	FAA-RD-81-59	FAA/CT-TN86/17
FAA/CT-TN88/8		

LOW-ALTITUDE COMMUNICATIONS (See also Northeast Corridor)

FAA-RD-78-101	FAA-RD-78-150	FAA-RD-79-123
FAA-RD-80-20	FAA-RD-80-80	FAA-RD-80-87
FAA-RD-81-9	FAA/RD-81/40	FAA-RD-81-59
PM-85-2-LR	FAA/PM-85/8	

LOW-ALTITUDE NAVIGATION (See also LORAN-C, Northeast Corridor, and GPS)

RD-66-46	RD-67-36	FAA-RD-71-96
FAA-RD-76-146	NA-78-55-LR	FAA-RD-78-101
FAA-RD-78-150	FAA-CT-80-18	FAA-RD-80-20
FAA-RD-80-80 FAA/PM-83/32	FAA-RD-80-87	FAA-RD-81-59

LOW-ALTITUDE SURVEILLANCE (See also LOFF)

FAA-RD-78-150	FAA-RD-80-20	FAA-RD-80-80
FAA-RD-80-87	FAA-DD-81-59	

LOW-SPEED APPROACHES

NA-68-21	FAA-RD-80-58	NAE-AN-26 (1985)
FAA/PM-86/14	FAA/PM-86/15	FAA/CT-TN86/31
NAE-AN-26 (1985)	FAA/CT-TN86/42	

MAPKING/LIGHTING OF HELIPORTS (See Heliport Lighting/Marking)

MICROWAVE LANDING SYSTEM (MLS) FLIGHT INSPECTION (See Flight Inspection)

MLS, GENERAL (See also DME and other MLS listings below)

RD-66-68	FAA-RD-78-101	FAA/RD-82/6
FAA/RD-82/40	FAA/CT-TN84/16	FAA/CT-TN84/20
FAA/CT-TN84/40	FAA/PM-85/7	FAA/CT-TN85/15
FAA/CT-TN85/53	FAA/CT-TN85/55	FAA/CT-TN85/58
FAA/CT-TN85/63	FAA/CT-TN85/64	FAA/CT-86/14
FAA/PM-86/14	FAA/PM-86/15	FAA/CT-TN86/30
FAA/CT-TN86/40	FAA/CT-TN86/42	FAA/AVN-200/25
•	•	(1986)

MLS RNAV (See also other MLS listings)

FAA-RD-80-59	FAA/RD-82/40	FAA/PM-85/7	
FAA/CT-TN85/43	FAA/CT-TN85/63	FAA/PM-86/25,	I
FAA/CT-TN87/19			

MLS SITING (See also other MLS listings)

FAA/CT-TN84/40	FAA/CT-TN85/53	FAA/CT-85/58
FAA/CT-TN85/64	FAA/CT-TN86/64	

MLS TERPS (See also TERPS and other MLS listings)

FAA-RD-80-59	FAA-RD-81-167	FAA/CT-TN84/16
FAA/CT-TN84/20	FAA/CT-TN85/53	FAA/CT-TN85/55
FAA/CT-TN86/31	FAA/CT-TN86/63	
FAA/AVN-200-25 (1986		

MID-AIR COLLISIONS (See Near Mid-air Collisions)

MILITARY TRAINING ROUTES

FAA-RD-80-88, I

FAA-RD-78-101

NAVIGATION SATELLITE TIMING AND RANGING (NAVSTAR) (See GPS)

NEAR MID-AIR COLLISIONS (See also TCAS)

FAA-NA-72-41	FAA-EM-73-8	FAA-EM-73-8 (Add. 1)
FAA-RD-80-88,I	FAA/CT-83/40	FAA/PM-85/6
NOISE		
FAA-RD-73-145	FAA-RD-75-79	FAA-RD-75-125
FAA-RD-75-190	FAA-RD-76-1	FAA-RD-76-49
FAA-RD-76-116	FAA-RD-77-57	FAA-RD-77-94

Note: During the late 1970's, responsibility for issues regarding helicopter noise was transferred to the FAA Office of Environment and Energy (AEE). The reports listed in this bibliography are limited to those in which the research, engineering, and development elements of the FAA (i.e., the ADM complex and its organizational ancestors) have been involved as sponsors, participants, or authors. Since AEE is outside the ADM complex, the reports they have published on helicopter noise are not listed herein.

NONDIRECTIONAL BEACON (NDB)

FAA-RD-76-146	FAA-RD-78-101	FAA-RD-78-150
FAA-RD-80-85	FAA/RD-82/6	FAA/PM-86/25,I

NONPRECISION APPROACHES (See also Airborne Radar Approaches)

NA-80-34-LR	FAA-CT-80-175	FAA-RD-81-27
FAA/RD-82/8	FAA/RD-82/9	FAA/RD-82/16
FAA/RD-82/71	FAA/RD-82/78	FAA/CT-82/103
FAA/CT-TN83/03	FAA/CT-TN84/34	FAA/CT-TN85/17
FAA/PM-86/25,I	FAA/CT-TN86/56	

NORTHEAST CORRIDOR

RD-66-46	RD-67-36	FAA-RD-70-10
FAA-RD-80-17	FAA-RD-80-59	FAA-RD-80-80
FAA-CT-80-175	FAA-RD-81-59	FAA/CT-82/57
FAA/RD-82/78	FAA/CT-TN85/17	-

OBSTRUCTION AVOIDANCE (See also Airborne Radar Approaches, Heliport VFR Airspace, and TERPS)

FAA-RD-81-59	FAA-RD-80-107	FAA/PM-86/28
		188/18 00/20

OFFSHORE OPERATIONS (See also Gulf of Mexico and Airborne Radar Approaches)

FAA-RD-76-146	NA-78-55-LR	FAA-RD-79-123
FAA-RD-80-20	NA-80-34-LR	FAA-RD-80-87
FAA-RD-80-107	FAA-RD-81-27	FAA-RD-81-55
FAA/RD-82/6	FAA/PM-83/4	

OMEGA

NA-78-55-LR	FAA-RD-78-101	FAA-RD-78-150
FAA-RD-80-85	FAA-RD-80-88,II	FAA/RD-82/6
FAA/PM-86/14	FAA/PM-86/15	•

PARKING AREAS (See Heliport Parking Areas and Taxiways)

PILOT WORKLOAD (See Workload)

POWERED-LIFT AIRCRAFT (See also Tiltrotor)

FAA-RD-76-100

FAA-RD-78-100 FAA-RD-79-59

PRECISION APPROACH RADAR (PAR)

FAA-RD-80-107

RNAV (See Area Navigation and MLS RNAV)

ROTOR BLADE CONTAINMENT

FAA-RD-77-100

FAA/CT-86/42 FAA/CT-88/21

FAA/CT-88/23

SAFETY (While this topic is addressed in most of the documents in this bibliography, the following documents are of particular interest.)

FAA/CT-82/143	FAA/CT~82/152	FAA/CT-83/6
PM-85-2-LR	PM-85-3-LR	PM-85-4-LR
FAA/PM-85/6	FAA/CT~86/24	FAA/PM-86/28
FAA/CT-86/42	FAA/PM-86/45	FAA/DS-88/5
FAA/DS-88/6	FAA/DS-88/12	

SATELLITES (See Global Positioning System)

SIMULATION

115-608-3X	NA-68-21	FAA-RD-79-59
FAA-RD-80-64	FAA-RD-80-86	FAA-RD-80-86
FAA-RD-80-88	FAA-RD-81-59	FAA/CT-85/11
FAA/PM-86/14	FAA/PM-86/15	•

SNOW AND ICE (See Heliport Snow and Ice Control)

SURVEILLANCE (See also LOFF)

FAA-EM-73-8

FAA-EM-73-8 (Add. 1)

TACAN

FAA-RD-76-146 FAA-RD-78-101 RD-66-46 FAA-RD-80-88,II FAA/RD-82/6 FAA/RD-82/63

TAXIWAYS (See Heliport Parking and Taxiways)

TERMINAL INSTRUMENT PROCEDURES (TERPS)

FAA-RD-78-150	FAA-RD-80-17	FAA-RD-80-58
FAA-RD-80-59	FAA-RD-80-80	FAA-RD-80-107
FAA-CT-81-167	FAA/CT-TN84/16	FAA/CT-TN84/20
FAA/CT-TN85/15	FAA/CT-TN85/24	FAA/CT-TN85/53
FAA/CT-TN85/55	FAA/PM-86/14	FAA/PM-86/15
FAA/AVN-200-25 (1986	5)	

TILTROTOR (See also Powered-Lift Aircraft)

FAA-RD-78-150

RAFFIC ALERT AND COLLISION AVOIDANCE SYSTEM (TCAS)

FAA/RD-82/63	FAA/CT-83/40	FAA/PM-85/6
FAA/PM-85/29	FAA/PM-85/30	FAA/CT-TN85/49
FAA/CT-TN85/60	FAA/CT-TN85/83	FAA/CT-TN86/24
FAA/CT-TN87/21		

TRAINING (See also Aeronautical Decision Making)

FAA-RD-78-150	FAA-RD-80-88	FAA-RD-81-59
FAA/CT-83/6	FAA/CT-TN85/55	FAA/PM-86/28
FAA/PM-86/45	FAA/AVN-200/25 (1986)

VERTIPORTS (See Heliports)

VFR HELIPORT AIRSPACE (See Heliport VFR Airspace)

VERY LIGHT WEIGHT AIR TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT EQUIPMENT (VLATME)

FAA-RD-80-87

VNAV (See LORAN-C Vertical Navigation)

VOR

RD-66-46	FAA-RD-71-96	FAA-RD-76-146
FAA-RD-78-101	FAA-RD-78-150	FAA-RD-80-17
NA-80-34-LR	FAA-RD-80-64	FAA-RD-80-85
FAA/RD-82/6	FAA/RD-82/78	FAA/CT-TN85/24
FAA/PM-86/14	FAA/PM-86/15	FAA/PM-86/25,I

WAKE VORTEXES (See also Down Wash)

RD-64-4	RD-64-55	FAA-RD-74-48
FAA-RD-78-143	FAA-RD-80-87	FAA-RD-80-88,II

WEATHER (See also AWOS, AWOS GEM, Icing, Weather Forecasting, Weather Observations, and Wind Shear)

RD-64-4	FAA-RD-75-94	FAA-RD-78-101
FAA-RD-79-59	FAA-RD-79-64	FAA/RD-81/92
FAA/CT-83/6	FAA/PM-84/22	FAA/PM-84/25

WEATHER FORECASTING

FAA/RD-81/40	FAA-RD-81-92	FAA/PM-84/31
FAA/PM-86/10	FAA/PM-87/2	FAA/PS-88/3

WEATHER OBSERVATIONS

FAA/RD-81/40	FAA/CT-TN85/23
TAA/ KD-01/40	IMM/C1-1NO3/23

WIND SHEAR

FAA-RD-79-59

WORKLOAD

FAA-RD-78-157	FAA-RD-79-64	FAA-RD-79-99
FAA-RD-80-58	FAA-RD-81-59	FAA/CT-TN85/15
FAA/CT-TN85/55	FAA/CT~TN85/58	NAE-AN-26 (1985)
FAA/CT-TN86/30	FAA/CT-TN86/31	FAA/AVN-200/25
•	,	(1986)

APPENDIX C: AUTHOR INDEX

ACE, RONALD E. (Systems Control Technology)

FAA/RD-82/6

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ADAMS, GLEN D. (FAA, NAFEC)

RD-66-68

ADAMS, JOHN Y. (FAA Technical Center)

FAA/CT-85/26

ADAMS, RICHARD J. (Systems Control Inc. (Vt), Systems Control Technology)

FAA-RD-79-99 FAA-CT-81-35 FAA/PM-85/6 FAA/PM-86/28 FAA/PM-86/45 FAA/DS-88/2 FAA/PS-88/8 NASA CR 177483 FAA/DS-88/5 FAA/DS-88/6 FAA/PS-88/8

AMORY, REGIONAL L. (B&M Technological Services)

FAA/CT-85/7

ANDREWS, JOHN W. (Lincoln Laboratory)

FAA/PM-85/30

BARTLETT, C. SCOTT (Sverdrup Technology, Inc.)

FAA/CT-86/35

BAUSCH, W. (Hamilton Standard, a Division of UTC)

FAA-RD-75-79

BEDDOW, BRUCE E. (Kappa Systems Inc.)

FAA/CT-82/143

BENNER, LUDWIG, JR. (Events Analysis, Inc.)

FAA/CT-86/24

BENNETT, W.J. (Boeing Airplane Division)

RD-64-55

BERGER, SIDNEY (Kappa Systems Inc.)

FAA/CT-82/143

BILLMANN, BARRY R. (FAA Technical Center)

FAA/CT-83/40 FAA/CT-TN85/17 FAA/CT-TN85/58 FAA/CT-86/14 FAA/CT-TN86/40 FAA/CT-TN86/42

FAA/CT-TN86/64 FAA/CT-TN87/19

BLAKNEY, DENNIS F. (Lockheed-Georgia)

FAA-RD-73-145 FAA-RD-75-125

BOLUKBASI, AKIF O. (Simula Inc.)

FAA/CT-85/11

BOLZ, ERIC H. (Systems Control Technology)

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BOYLAN, NANCY G. (FAA, NAFEC)

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FAA-RD-79-59

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FAA/CT-85/11

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FAA/RD-82/71

FAA/CT-TN83/50 FAA/CT-TN84/47

CONWAY, ROBERT C. (FAA, NAFEC)

NA-68-21

COOLEY, WILLIAM W. (Science & Engineering Associates, Inc.)

FAA/CT-86/8

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FAA-RD-79-123

CROSWELL, THOMAS H. (RJO Enterprises)

FAA/PM-86/25

CUSHMAN, ARTHUR W. (FAA Technical Center)

FAA/CT-TN85/83

DADONE, L.U. (Boeing Vertol)

FAA-CT-80-210

DEL BALZO, JOSEPH M. (FAA, Washington)

RD-67-36

DeLUCIA, ROBERT A. (Naval Air Propulsion Center)

FAA/CT-86/42

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DeLUCIEN, ALBERT G. (PACER Systems Inc.)

FAA-RD-78-157

FAA-RD-79-64

FAA-RD-80-58

FAA-RD-80-107

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DEVORE, GILBERT (FAA, NAFEC)

NA-67-1

DINERMAN, BERNHART V. (FAA, NAFEC)

FAA-RD-71-96

EDMONDS, JACK D. (FAA Technical Center)

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ENIAS, JAMES H. (FAA Technical Center)

FAA/CT-TN84/16 FAA/CT-TN85/55 FAA/CT-TN85/58

FAA/CT-TN84/20 FAA/CT-TN85/15

ERIKSSON, R.H. (Pratt & Whitney)

FAA-RD-77-100

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FAA/RD-82/8 FAA/RD-82/9 FAA/RD-82/71

EVANS, JEAN (FAA Technical Center)

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FARRELL, RUTH J. (FAA, NAFEC)

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GERDES, R.M. (NASA Ames Research Center)

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GIBSON, JOHN S. (Lockheed-Georgia)

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JORDAN, STEVEN W. (PACER Systems Inc.)

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FAA/PM-85/8

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FAA-RD-80-22

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MAGENHEIM, B. (AMAF Industries)

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NA-69-2

FAA-RD-72-133

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FAA/AVN-200/25 (1986)

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FAA/PM-87/32 FAA/PM-87/33

PEREZ, JOSEPH (FAA, NAFEC)

FAA-RD-80-18

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115-608-3X (June 1962)

APPENDIX D: ACRONYMS

ABC Advancing blade concept

ADF Automatic direction finder

ADS Automatic dependent surveillance

AM Amplitude modulated

AMA Analytical Mechanics Associates

ARA Airborne RADAR Approach

ARINC Aeronautical Radio Inc.

ATC Air traffic control

AWOS Automated weather observing system

AWOS GEM AWOS generalized equivalent markov

CAA Civil Aviation Authority (UK)

DME Distance Measurement Equipment

E-L Electroluminescent

EMI Electromagnetic interference

EMS Emergency medical service

FAA Federal Aviation Administration

FAATC FAA Technical Center

FLIR Forward looking infrared radar

GEM Generalized equivalent markov

GPS Global positioning system

HAA Helicopter Association of America

HAI Helicopter Association International

HF High frequency

IFR Instrument flight rules

ILS Instrument landing system

INS Inertial navigation system

LOFF Loran flight following

MLS Microwave landing system

NAE National Aeronautical Establishment

NAFEC National Aviation Facilities Experimental

Center

NASA National Aeronautics and Space

Administration

NAVSTAR Navigation satellite timing and ranging

NDB Nondirectional beacon

NRL Naval Research Laboratory

NWS National Weather Service

PAR Precision approach radar

RNAV Area navigation

SCT Systems Control Technology

STOL Short takeoff and landing

TCAS Traffic alert and collision avoidance

system

TERPS Terminal instrument procedures

VFR Visual flight rules

VLATME Very light weight air traffic management

equipment

VNAV Vertical navigation

VOR Very high frequency omnidirectional radio

range

VTOL Vertical takeoff and landing

APPENDIX E: ABSTRACTS

This report is a supplement to "FAA Helicopter/Heliport Research, Engineering, and Development - Bibliography, 1964 - 1986" (FAA/PM-86/47) published in November 1986 (NTIS accession number AD-A174697). The bibliography and the indexes contained in this report include all of what was published in the earlier document. However, Appendix E of this report does not contain any abstracts which were included in FAA/PM-86/47. Abstracts contained herein are only for those reports which have been published subsequent to the earlier bibliography plus any earlier reports which were inadvertently overlooked. Appendix E does include all the abstracts contained in an earlier supplemental bibliography, "FAA Rotorcraft Research Engineering, and Development Bibliography, 1964 - 1987" (PS-88-1-LR).

1. Report No.	2. Government Acces	sion No.	3. Recipient's C	etalog N	o.	
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7. Author(s)				•		
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9. Performing Organization Name and Address Federal Aviation Administration	tion		0. Work Unit No	. (TRAIS	5)	
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1. Report No.				
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4. Title and Subtitle			, Report Date	
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1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
RD-66-68	AD-646236	
4. Title and Subtitle V/STOL Approach System Ste	5. Report Date January 1967	
Tests		6. Performing Organization Code
7. Author's)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8. Performing Organization Report No.
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15. Supplementary Notes		

16. Abstract

This report describes results obtained during flight tests with an S-61N helicopter on the Vertical/Short Takeoff-Landing (V/STOL) Approach System (VAPS) developed by Adcole Corporation of Waltham, Massachusetts, under FAA Contract FA-WA-4582.

The system consists of a solid-state microwave localizer and glide slope operating in the 15,000 Mc/s frequency region. All ground equipment is housed within a 5-foot high radome, 4 1/2 feet in diameter. The localizer bearing and the glide slope angle can be readily changed by hand cranks at the ground station.

Fifteen hours of flight time were expended on approaches, with glide slope angle ranging from 3° to 60° .

The conclusion is reached that the S-61N helicopter approaches at angles greater than 20° encountered VAPS equipment limitations - deficient guidance signals, and aerodynamic limitations - marginal control, roughness and excessive descent rates.

17. Key Words		18. Distribution Statement		
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19. Security Classif. (of this report)	20. Security Class	if. (of this page)	21- No. of Pages	22. Price
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4. Title and Subtitle	<u> </u>	5. Re	port Data			
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Establishing An All-Weather V/STOL Transportation System			6. Performing Organization Code			
		8. Pe	8. Performing Organization Report No.			
7. Author's)						
Joseph M. Del Balzo			RD-67-36			
 Performing Organization Name and Addre Submitted in partial fulf 		1	fork Unit No. (TRA)S	;)		
for the degree of Master Engineering Management	of Science in	11. 0	Contract or Grant No.			
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12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address			Thesis			
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16. Abstract	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
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17. Key Words	 -	18. Distribution Statement				
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4. Title and Subtitle	120 / 1201)	5. Report Date
		May 1972
INDEX OF NAFEC TECHNICAL	REPORTS, 1967 - 1971	6. Performing Organization Code NA-64
7. Author(s)		8. Performing Organization Report No.
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9. Performing Organization Name and Address		10. Work Unit No.
National Aviation Facili Atlantic City, New Jerse	ties Experimental Center y 08405	11. Contract or Grant No.
	•	13. Type of Report and Period Covered
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Bibliographies	Informatio	n Service, Springfield,
	Virginia 2	2151, for sale to the public.
19. Security Classif, (of this report)		
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1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
FA4-NA-72-41	AD-746863	
4. Title and Subtitle COLLISION AVOIDANCE: A	N ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHY,	5. Report Date AUGUST 1972
SEFTEMBER 1968 APRI		6. Performing Organization Code
7. Author(s) Dorothy E. Bulford, Com	piler	8. Performing Organization Report No. FAA-NA-72-41
9. Performing Organization Name on National Aviation Facil		10. Work Unit No.
Experimental Center Atlantic City, New Jers		11. Contract or Grant No.
morantic truy, new ters		13. Type of Report and Period Covered
12. Sponsoring Agency Nome and Address FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION National Aviation Facilities Experimental Center		Final Report 1968 - 1972
Atlantic City, New Jers		14. Sponsoring Agency Code
15. Supplementary Notes		

None

16. Abstract

In November 1968 a bibliography consisting of 1013 references without annotations was issued as FAA report number NA-68-54 (AD 677 942). This present work supplements that report. In addition to the Subject and Corporate Author Indexes of the 1968 listing, this bibliography includes a Personal Names Index which will help find secondary authors or locate names mentioned in titles and abstracts.

17. Key Words
Collision Avoidance; Conflicts;
Collision Avoidance Systems;
Air Traffic Control; Mid-Air Collisions;
Near Misses; Pilot Warning Indicator;
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18. Distribution Statement
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21. No. of Pages
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23.00 PC
\$.95 MF

1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.		
FAA-EN-73-8	AD-766900			
4 Title and Subtitle CIVIL AVIATION MIDAIR C	OLLISIONS ANALYSIS	5. Report Date May 1973		
JANUARY 1964 - DECEMBER		6. Performing Organization Code D-43		
7 Authors T. R. Simpson, R. A. Ru	cker, J. P. Murray	8. Performing Organization Report No. MTR-6334		
9 Performing Organization Name and Add	1015	10 Work Unit No		
The MITRE Corporation McLean, Virginia 22101		11 Contract of Grant No DOT-FA70WA-2448		
		13. Type of Report and Period Covered		
12 Spinsoring Acenev Name and Address				
Denartment of Transporta Federal Aviation Adminis				
Office of Systems Engine Washington, D.C. 20591	ering Management	14. Sponsoring Agency Code DOT/FAA		
15 Supplementary Notes				

The study analyzes all midair collisions which occurred within the 48 states over the eight year period, Jan. 64 - Dec. 71. It develops statistical, graphical, and narrative information which is used to assess the efectiveness of the ATC system in preventing midair collisions, to identify remaining problem areas amenable to systematic solutions, and to compare these findings with several proposed solutions for reducing collision risks.

The study shows that no midair collisions occurred when both aircraft were identified and under radar/beacon surveillance, under positive control, and both pilots conformed to their ATC clearances. Only one midair occurred at an airport where the local controller was equipped with a radar BRITE display of local traffic. Most fatalities resulted from midair collisions which occurred beyond 5 miles of any airport, but within 30 miles of a major hub airport and resulted from collisions between an IFR air carrier and an unknown VFR aircraft. Nearly all midair collisions at airports occurred at the very busy airports where the pilot had the prime responsibility for successful sequencing into the VFR traffic pattern. Collisions at the busier uncontrolled airports are shown to be linearly related to annual aircraft operations; while collisions at the busier controlled airports are shown to be non-linearly related to annual aircraft operations, being approximately square-law for non-radar VFR towers.

17.	Midair Collisions, Aircraft Accidents, Air Traffic Control, Collision Avoidance Systems, Proximity Warning Indicators, Aviation Fatalities, Radar/Beacon Surveillance.		18. Distribution Systement Unlimited avail released to the Information Ser Virginia, 22151	National Te vice, Spring	chnical field,
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1. Report No FAA-EM-73-8 Addendum 1	2. Government Accession No. AD-A005897	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
4. Title and Subtitle		5. Report Date December 1974
CIVIL AVIATION MIDAIR (1972 Added to 1964-71)	6. Performing Organization Code D-43	
7. Author s'		8. Performing Organization Report No. MTR-6334
R. A. Rucker, T. R. Sir	npson	Supplement 1
9. Performing Organization Name and A	ddress	10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
The MITRE Corporation		11. Contract or Grant No.
1820 Dolley Madison Bly		DOT-FA70WA-2448
McLean, Virginia 22101		13. Type of Report and Period Covered
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Addre		TINAL
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Federal Aviation Admin		14. Sponsoring Agency Code
Washington, D.C. 2059		DOT/FAA
15. Supplementary Notes		

This study updates the cumulative results of the previous 1964-71 study to include the 25/47 collisions/fatalities which occurred during 1972. Of these, two collisions involved air carrier aircraft and accounted for 23 fatalities. The remaining 23/24 collisions/fatalities occurred between general aviation aircraft, and did not involve public air transportation.

Included is an analysis of the potential effectiveness of alternative collision avoidance systems coverage in "preventing" a recurrence of the 296/603 collisions/ fatalities between 1964-72. It concludes that 26% of the collisions (6% of fatalities) are systematically unpreventable. The currently existing/planned extensions to the ATC system could have prevented 18% of the collisions (51% of fatalities), including all fatal collisions which involved air carriers. An additional 44% of the collisions (35% of fatalities) occurred within existing/planned beacon surveillance coverage and might have been prevented by either Discrete Address Beacon System Intermittent Positive Control (DABS-IPC), or by an independent Collision Avoidance System (CAS). An additional 12% of the collisions (8% of fatalities) occurred below existing/planned beacon surveillance coverage and might have been prevented by a CAS Only system without a coverage limitations. However, with the added/planned extensions of the ATC system, a CAS/CAD* system under the proposed legislation might have prevented only an additional 4% of either collisions or fatalities. This is because most collisions are between aircraft under 12,500 lbs. and both would be CAD*, not CAS equipped. These figures represent theoretical upper bounds on preventability. *Collision Avoidance Device ("Here I am" device).

18. Distribution Statement 17. Key Words Unlimited availability. Document may be Midair Collisions, Aircraft Accidents, released to the National Technical Air Traffic Control, Collision Information Service, Springfield, Avoidance Systems, Proximity Warning Virginia, 22151, for sale to the public. Indicators. Aviation Fatalities. Radar/Beacon Surveillance. 21. No. of Pages 22. Price 20. Security Classif. (of this page) 19. Security Classif. (of this report) \$3.00 PC

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1. Report No.	2. Government Accession	No. 3. 1	Recipient's Catalog N	io.	
FAA RD-76-100 NASA TM X-73,124	AD-A028058	1			
4. Title and Subtitle		5. 1	Report Date		
		1	May 1976		
PROGRESS TOWARD DEVELOPMENT OF CIVIL AIRWORTHINESS			6. Performing Organization Code		
CRITERIA FOR POWERED-LIFT AIRCRAFT					
7 A di - (1)	·	8. F	erforming Organizati	on Report No.	
7. Author's)Barry C. Scott (FAA)	, Charles S. Hyn	es (NASA)			
Paul W. Martin (FAA), Ralph			Work Unit No. (TRAI		
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15. Supplementary Notes			ARD-300		
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17. Key Words Short Takeoff and Landing (Powered Lift Airworthiness Criteria Aircraft	(STOL) The the Se	Distribution Statement is document is rough the Natiorvice, Springfi	nal Technica eld, Virgini	1 Information a 22161.	
19. Security Classif. (of this report)	20. Security Classif. (c	of this page)	21. No. of Pages	22. Price	
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4. Title and Subtitle	Title and Subtitle				leport Date	
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7. Author(s)						
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1. Report No.	2. Government Acces	ision No.	3. Recipient's Cetalog No.	
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4. Title and Subtitle				
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	1 1972 - 1977			
			6. Performing Organization Code	
			8. Performing Organization Report No.	
7. Author's) Compiled by Ruth	J. Farrell		1	
Edited by Nancy			FAA-CT-81-54	
9. Performing Organization Name and Addre			10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)	
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15. Supplementary Notes				
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19. Security Classil, (of this report)	20. Security Clas	sif, (of this page)	21- No. of Pages 22. Price	
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1. Report No. DOT/FAA/CT-82/143	2. Government Accession No. AD-A123537	3. Recipient's Catalog No.	
4. Title and Subtitle SAFETY BENEFITS ANALYSIS OF GENERAL AVIATION COCKPIT STANDARDIZATION		5. Report Date December 1982 6. Performing Organization Code	
9. Performing Organization Name and A	Berger, Charles E. Roberts, Jr.	8. Performing Organization Report No. 10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)	
Kappa Systems, Inc. 1501 Wilson Boulevard Arlington, Virginia 22209		11. Contract of Grant No. DTF A03-81-C-00058 13. Type of Report and Period Covered	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address U.S. Department of Transp Federal Aviation Administ Atlantic City Airport, No	Final June 1981 - September 1982		
15. Supplementary Notes			

16 Abstract

The purpose of this study was to assess the societal benefits that may be gained by implementation of cockpit standardization as a countermeasure to fuel mismanagement accidents and accidents involving improper operation of the powerplant and powerplant controls. The benefits are expressed as the costs of accidents which could be prevented by standardization. Detailed analyses were performed on a sample of 200 accident cases drawn from the National Transportation Safety Board files which contain 2,011 accidents in the period 1975-1979 due to the specified causes. The flight environment, aircraft and pilot characteristics, and their interrelation were fully considered in studies of accident causes. The accident pilot-group which contained many high time pilots with advanced certificates was found less qualified with regard to recent night flying and instrument flight time. Fuel systems for all makes and model aircraft of the sample were found to contain great diversity in location of components and operating modes. Powerplant controls are not as diverse in design but still do not conform totally to recommended optimization guidelines. Preventability is determined by identification of all elemental pilot errors in an accident and overlaying these on an application of standardization guidelines applied to the controls, instruments, and arrangements. Average accident costs are determined by a severity index breakdown and then carefully extrapolated to the full accident data base. Cumulative accident cost reductions are found for a 10-year future period. A proposal for alleviating the pilot non-familiarity with specific makes and models is included. In this area, an advisory approach is found preferable to certification and rating structural changes.

17. Key Words Mismanagement of fuel Improper operation of powerplant Pilot error Cockpit standardization Pilot restriction		Document is available to the U.S. public through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161		
19. Security Classif. (of this report)	20. Security Clas	sif. (of this page)	21- No. of Pages	22. Price
Unclassified	Unclassified		114	

1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
DOT-FAA-CT-82-152	AD-A131696	
4. Title and Subtitle		5. Report Date August 1982
Review of Aircraft Crash St	ructural Response Research	6. Performing Organization Code
7. Autha:'s)		8. Performing Organization Report No.
Emmett A. Witmer and David	J. Steigmann	ASRL TR 198-1
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Aeroelastic and Structures	Research Laboratory	10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
Department of Aeronautics a Massachusetts Institute of	11. Contract or Grant No. F33615-77-C-5155, Task P00010	
Cambridge, Massachusetts C	02139	13. Type of Report and Period Covered
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address	Final	
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Atlantic City, New Jersey C]	

16. Abstract

15. Supplementary Notes

A review of aircraft crash structural response research has been carried out by studying the literature, discussions with researchers working in that area, and visits to facilities/personnel involved in conducting and/or monitoring aircraft crash structural response investigations. Aircraft structures consisting of conventional built-up metallic construction and those consisting of advanced composite materials were of interest. The latter type of materials and construction is of particular interest since their use is expanding rapidly, and crashworthiness of such structures is of increasing importance.

Some recent theoretical and experimental studies of the behavior of compositematerial structures subjected to severe static, dynamic, and/or impact conditions are noted. Such topics as crashworthiness testing of composite fuselage structures, the impact resistance of graphite and hybrid configurations, and the effects of elastomeric additives on the mechanical properties of epoxy resin and composite systems are reviewed.

The principal theoretical methods for predicting the nonlinear transient structural responses of severely loaded structures are reviewed. Available lumped-mass and finite-element computer programs tailored to aircraft crash response analysis are noted.

A review is made of some current and planned research to investigate experimentally the mechanical failure, postfailure, and energy-absorbing behavior of a sequence of composite-material structural elements and structural assemblages subjected to static loads or to simulated crash-impact loads.

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4. Title and Submile State-Of-The-Art Review On Composite Material Fatigue/Damage Tolerance			Repert Dete December 1985 Farleraire Repertant FAA-84-03	
7. Aumar's) Reginald L. Amory, David S	S. Wang	0.	Performing Organizati	
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12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address			FINAL REPORT	
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Unclassified	Unclassi	fied	75	

1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
DOT/FAA/PM-85/29	AD-A181349	
4. Title emi Sabittle		5. Report Data
Traffic Alert and Collision Avoida	ince System (TCAS)	8 May 1987
Surveillance Performance in Helio	ropters	6. Performing Organization Code
7. Author(s)		8. Performing Organization Report No.
William H. Harman, III, Jerry D. Welch, and M. Loren Wood, Jr.		ATC-135
9. Performing Organization Name and Address		18. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
Lincoln Laboratory, MIT		
P.O. Box 73		11. Centract or Grant No.
Lexington, MA 02173-0073		DOT-FA77WAI-817
		13. Type of Report and Period Covered
12. Sponsaring Agency Home and Address		Desired Bernet
Department of Transportation	Project Report	
Federal Aviation Administration		
Systems Research and Development Service		14. Spensoring Agency Code
Washington, DC 20591		

15. Supplementary Notes

The work reported in this document was performed at Lincoln Laboratory, a center for research operated by Massachusetts Institute of Technology, under Air Force Contract F19628-85-C-0002.

16. Abstract

Subsequent to the development of TCAS equipment for fixed-wing aircraft, a follow-on effort addressed the suitability of such equipment for use in helicopters. This program focused on those differences between helicopters and fixed-wing aircraft that might be expected to affect TCAS performance: the large rotor, the relatively irregular shape of the fuselage, the low speeds and high turn rates typical of helicopter flights, and the over-water and low-altitude conditions typical of helicopter operations. A Bell Long Ranger helicopter was acquired and equipped with experimental TCAS equipment with full data recording capability. Flight experiments were conducted to assess air-to-air surveillance performance under challenging conditions. Other flights involved guest pilots for subjective evaluations of the TCAS performance. It was concluded that the air-to-air surveillance techniques that were originally developed for use in large jet airliners will also perform satisfactorily in helicopters. The bearing accuracy of traffic advisories, while somewhat degraded because of the effects of the rotor and the shape of the helicopter fuselage, will nevertheless be sufficient to aid the pilot in visual acquisition of traffic. It was also concluded that, because of the flight characteristics of helicopters, the pilot display should consist of traffic advisories alone, without resolution advisories.

17. Key Words	1	8. Distribution Statement		
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19. Security Classif (of this report)	20. Security Classif. (of th	is page)	21. No. of Pages	22. Price
Unclassified	Unclassified		110	

1. Report No. DOT/FAA/CT-TN85/43	2. Government Acco	ssien No. 3.	Recipient's Catalog	Ne.
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		6. AC	Performing Organisat T-140	ion Code
7. Author(s)	·	0. 7	Performing Organizet	ion Report No.
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9. Performing Organization Name and Address		10.	Work Unit No. (TRA	IS)
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Washington, DC 20590		14.	Spensering Agency (
			APM-450	
This Technical Note encompasses a plan for the Helic Area Navigation Project (MLS RNAV). The initial goathe capability to execute single segment approaches terminal area coverage of the MLS. Hardware and sof included, along with associated schedules and candid			is project is om orientatio evelopment ol	to develop ns within the
17. Key Words 18. Distribution Statement Microwave Landing System (MLS) Document is on file at the Technical				
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19. Security Classif. (of this report)	20. Security Clas	sif, (of this page)	21. No. of Popes	22. Price
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J. Report No. DOT/FAA/CT-86/8	2. Government Accession No. AD-A182744	3. Recipient's Cutalog No.
4. Title and Subtitle	5. Report Date April 1987	
Determination of Electrical Bonding, and Fastening Techn	6. Performing Organization Cod	
Materials 7. Author(s) William W. Cooley	8. Performing Organization Report No.	
9. Performing Organization Name	10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)	
Science and Engineering Asso 701 Dexter Avenue North, Sui Seattle, WA 98109	11. Contract or Grant No. DTFA03-84-C-00065	
10. Sponsoring Agency Name and Ade Federal Aviation Agency Technical Center Atlantic City International	Covered Final Technical Report September '84-December '85 14. Sponsoring Agency Code	

ib. Abstract

15. Supplementary Notes

This report documents the results from a limited study of Electrical Parameters of Composite Materials. These efforts provided an evaluation of grounding and bonding test methods for metal, metal honeycomb, and advanced composite materials. A review of the electrical currents in the bonding and grounding paths on aircraft concluded that the lightning environment is the most severe followed by power system faults and on-board HF radio. It is recommended that the conventional 2.5 millions grounding and bonding requirement may be relaxed providing that special tests are conducted on the structure and subassemblies that enter into the grounding and bonding current paths. These tests are defined and recommendations made for advanced structures. A limited analysis of published test results concluded that good agreement may be possible between predicted values and test results for complete structures, subassemblies, and components.

17. Key Words Composite Materials; EMI; L Electrical Parameters; Ground Bonding	National Technic Springfield, Vir	s available t cal Informati rginia 22161	on Service
 Security Class. (of this report) Unclassified 	20. Security Claus. (of this page) Unclassified	21. No. of pgs.	22. Price

1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
DOT/FAA/CT-86/24	AD-A180472	
4. Title and Subtitle STUDY OF GENERAL AVIATION TIRE ACCIDENTS (1974-1983)		5. Report Date February 1987
		6. Performing Organisation Code
7. Author s)		6. Performing Organization Report No.
	ird Clarke, Russell Lawton	
9. Performing Organization Name and Add	****	10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
Events Analysis, Inc. 12101 Toreador Lane Oakton, Virginia 22124		11. Contract or Grant No. DTFA03-85-Ctr00018 13. Type of Report and Paried Covered
12. Snankering Agency Name and Address		
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		14. Spansaring Agency Code
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16. Abetract

This report describes a study of fires and interior materials in General Aviation (GA) aircraft during 1974-1983. The purpose of the study was to learn trends in GA fires and the materials used in aircraft interiors. The study covered aircraft of less than 12,501 pounds gross weight, not in commercial or agricultural operations.

Fires are a minor part of GA accident experience. Accident data yielded 2,351 most impact fires having 798 fatalities. These accidents were 6 percent of the total of 36,130 GA accidents. Only 153 inflight fires occurred during the period from 1974-1983. The GA fire population closely resembled the entire GA aircraft population. One difference was that fatalities and aircraft damage increased with higher approach speeds and gross weights up to 10,500 pounds. Also, the proportion of fire accidents and fatalities was greater in low than in the more common high wing aircraft. For inflight fires, the aircraft engine was the major fire origin for twin- and single-engine aircraft. Only in single-engine aircraft was the instrument panel a source of inflight fires.

Data on the 20 most common GA aircraft disclosed conventional materials, similar to those used in the home. Polyurethane foam cushioning, wool and nylon fabrics, ABS plastic and aluminum typify the materials used in these aircraft.

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19. Security Classif. (of this report) Unclassified	20. Security Cloself. (of this page) Unclassified	21. No. of Pages 75	22. Prico

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		8. Performing Organization Report No.
7. Authoris)		
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2. Spensoring Agency Name and Address U.S. Department of Transp	1	
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			July 1986
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PTIMUM COURSE WIDTH ?	TAILORING FLIGHT	T TEST PLAN	ACT-140
			8. Performing Organization Report No.
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17. Key Words			
Microwave Landing Helicopter Heliport	System (MLS)		on file at the Technical rary, Atlantic City Airport

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE					
16 REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION UNCLASSIFIED		1b. RESTRICTIVE MARKINGS			
26 SECURITY CLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY 26 DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE		3 DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY OF REPORT Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited. Government Accession No. AD-A180863			
4 PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUM	BER(S)	5. MONITORING OR	GANIZATION RE	PORT NUMBER(S)	
AEDC-TR-86-26		FAA/CT-86/35			
a NAME OF PERFORMING ORGANIZATION Arnold Engineering	6b. OFFICE SYMBOL (If applicable)	Federal Aviation Administration			
Development Center	DOT	Federal Avia	ation Admin	istration	
Air Force Systems Command Arnold Air Force Station, TN 37389-5000		7b. ADDRESS (City, State and ZIP Code) FAA Technical Center Atlantic City Airport, NJ 08405			
A NAME OF FUNDING/SPONSORING ORGANIZATION Federal	8b. OFFICE SYMBOL (If applicable)	9. PROCUREMENT I	NSTRUMENT ID	ENTIFICATION NU	MBER
Aviation Administration	<u> </u>	10 6011255 55 5111	101110 2100		
FAA Technical Center		PROGRAM ELEMENT NO.	PROJECT NO.	TASK NO.	WORK UNIT
Atlantic City Airport, NJ 0840		921H06	DB81EW		
TITLE Unclude Security Classification An Analytical Study of Icing Similitude for Aircraft Engine Testing					
PERSONAL AUTHORIS) Bartlett, C. Scott, Sverdrup					
.3. TYPE OF REPORT 136. TIME C	OVERED	14. DATE OF REPOR			DUNT
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puirements for achieving similitude for icing as test conditions were varied. The application is aimed at engine icing tests conducted in ground spray rig facilities. The analysis considers the changes in the icing test conditions, including static temperature, static pressure, liquid water content, droplet size, and flow velocity, that are required to achieve similitude if any of the conditions are changed. The analysis uses a math model of icing scaling which has been validated by experimental data collected at the AEDC icing research tunnel. The requirements for similitude were analyzed for changes in both temperature and pressure. Expressions to describe the influence of test condition changes on the value of the scaling parameter were developed. The effect of icing caused by free-stream static temperature changes and temperature rise through a generic high-bypass turbofan engine was studeded. The icing test points listed for compliance testing for aircraft icing certification and the guidelines given in the Federal Aviation Administration Advisory Circular (AC) 20-73 were used as test points for the analyses. 20 DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY OF ABSTRACT Unclassified Unclassified					
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Christopher Wolf, John Mc			FAA/CT-TN86/	43
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1. Report No.	2. Government Accession N	, 3. Recipient's Caralog No.
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4. Title and Subtitle		5. Report Date
STATISTICS ON AIRCRAFT GAS TURBINE ENGINE ROTOR FAILURES THAT OCCURRED IN U.S. COMMERCIAL AVIATION		Harell 1967
during 1981.	U.S. COMMERCIAL AVIA	6. Performing Organization Code PE32
		8. Performing Organization Report No.
7. Author's) R. A. DELUCIA J. T. SALVINO	~	- Valley and State of the State
J. T. SALVINO T. RUSSO		NAPC-PE-154C
9. Performing Organization Name and Add	lress	10. Werk Unit No. (TRAIS)
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Trenton, NJ 08628-0176		13. Type of Report and Period Covered
12. Spansaring Agency Name and Address		
Department of Transportat		
Federal Aviation Administ	ration	
Technical Center		14. Sponsoring Agency Code
Atlantic City Internation 15 Supelementary Nates	al Airport, NJ 08405	ACT-320
PROJECT MANAGER: B. C. F Federal Aviation Administ Technical Center		Safety Branch, ACT-320 y International Airport, NJ 08405
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17. Key Words Air Transportation Aircraft Hazards Aircraft Safety Gas Turbine Engine Rotor Containment	Pu In	Diswibution Sterement is available to the U.S. colic through the National Technical formation Service, Springfield, rginia 22161

I. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
DOT/FAA/CT-TN86/42		
4. Title and Subtitle		5. Report Date
		November 1986
		6. Performing Organization Code
IELICOPTER MLS DECELERATIN	G TEST PLAN	ACT-140
		8. Performing Organization Report No.
7. Author s)		
Scott Shollenberger and Ba		DOT/FAA/CT-TN86/42
9. Performing Organization Name and Add		10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
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1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog	No.
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4. Title and Subtitle	12 12 100	5. Report Date	
	November And Helicopter/Heliport Research, Engineering, 6. Performing Organ And Development Bibliography, 1964 - 1986		986 tion Code
7. Author(s)	17/17, 1904 - 1906	B. Performing Organize	tion Report No.
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Washington, D.C. 20591		13. Type of Report and	Period Covered
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address			
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7. Key Wards Helicopter	18. Distribution	••• = =	
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Unclassified	Unclassified	169	

1. Report No.	2. Government Acces	sien Ne.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
DOT/FAA/PM-86/52	AD-A179296		
4. Title and Subtitle THE OPERATIONAL SUITABILITY OF THE AUTOMATED		ren	J. Report Date Februrary 1987
WEATHER OBSERVING SYSTEM (AWOS) AT HELIPOR			
		-	6. Performing Organization Code ACT-140
			8. Performing Organization Report No.
7. Author's) Rene A. Matos and Rosan	ne M. Weiss		DOT/FAA/CT-87/3
			10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
9. Performing Organization Name and Department of Transport			To. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
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Atlantic City Internati	onal Airport, N.J.	08405	
•			13. Type of Report and Period Covered
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HELIPORT		6. Performing Organization Code ACT-140	
Author(s)		DOT/FAA/CT-TN86/56	
Michael Magrogan			
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration Technical Center		10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)	
		11. Contract or Grent No. T0701D	
Atlantic City International	l Airport, N.J. 08405	13. Type of Report and Period Covered	
12. Semisoring Agency Name and Address Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration		Technical Note March 1987	
Program Engineering and Maintenance Service Washington, D.C. 20590		14. Sponsoring Agency Code APM-450	
15. Supplementary Nates			

14. Abatract

This report documents the results of Loran C vertical navigation (VNAV) approaches to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Technical Center Heliport. Results of this study show that the three dimensional (3D) Loran C Navigator met the requirements of Advisory Circular (AC) 90-45A for two dimensional (2D) error components of total system crosstrack (TSCT) and flight technical error (FTE). In addition, the 3D error component of vertical flight technical error (VFTE) met the requirements of AC 90-45A.

7. Key Words Heliport Loran C Vertical Navigation (VNAV) 3D Loran C Navigator	public through	is available to the National T rvice, Springfi	echnical
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15. Supplementary Nates				
16. Abstract				
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17. Kay Words		18. Distribution Statement		
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7. Aumors) Christopher J. Wolf and Raqu	el Y. Santana	DOT/FAA/CT-TN86/63
9, Performing Organisation Name and Address	16	10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration Technical Center		17. Contract of Grant No.
Atlantic City International	Airport N.J. 08405	13. Type of Report and Panad Covered
12. Spensoring Agency Name and Address		
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Program Engineering and Maintenance Service Washington, D.C. 20590		14. Spansaring Agency Code

15. Supplementary Hotes

14. Abarener

This report documents the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Technical Center's flight test on Microwave Landing System (MLS) shuttle holding patterns. This flight test was undertaken in response to the Aviation Standards National Field Office (AVN) to provide data on the shuttle holding pattern for inclusion in chapter 11 of the Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS) manual.

Data were collected for MLS shuttle holding patterns using two different course width sensitivities. Data collection was performed using an Army UH-1 helicopter.

After the data were collected it was reduced and formatted and forwarded to AVN for analysis and development of TERPS criteria.

17. Key Words MLS Holding Patterns TERPS Helicopter	18. Dismitunes States This Document i Center Library, Airport, N.J.	s on file at th Atlantic City	
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DOT/FAA/CT-TN86/64	AD-A18315	53	
4. Title and Subtitle			5. Report Date
HELIPORT CRITICAL AREA FLIGHT TEST RESULTS		February 1987	
		LTS	6. Performing Organisation Code
			ACT-140
7. Author's) Barry R. Billman	n. Michael M W	lehh	S. Performing Organization Report No.
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4. Title and Subtitle			Report Date	
Very Short Range Statistical Forecasting of Automated Weather Observations		Fe	bruary 1987	
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		8. 6	erforming Organization	n Report No.
7. Author's)				
Robert G. Miller				
9. Performing Organization Name and Addre			Work Unit No. (TRAIS	j)
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pheric Administration, Nati	onal weather So		Contract or Grant No.	
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15. Supplementary Notes		20371 178	A/AFM-430/AFM	-030
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Program, APM-450, Navagatio	n and Landing 1	Division.	on, and nerre	opters
16. Abstract				
A procedure is developed fo	r providing wea	ther forecasting	guidance over	the short
range period of 10, 20, 30,	, 60 minute	s. It uses the a	utomated weat	her observing
system (AWOS) elements as p	redictors and p	redictands. The	model is foun	ded on
Markov assumptions and uses	multivariate I	inear regression	as the statis	tical opera-
tor. Details are given on	now the General	ized Exponential	Markov (GEM)	model compares
with persistence. Tests ar	e performed on	an independent da	ta sample. O	verall. GEM
succeeds in bettering curre	nt short range	weather forecasti	ng techniques	(i.e.,
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1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
DOT/FAA/CT-TN87/4		
4. Title and Subtitle		5. Report Date
Simulation Tests of Pro-	noged Instrument Annuacch	March 1987
•	posed Instrument Approach	6. Performing Organization Code
Lighting Systems for He	ricopter operations	ACT - 310
		8. Performing Organization Report No.
7. Author s'		
Paul H. Jones		DOT/FAA/CT-TN87/4
9. Performing Organization Name and A		10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
Federal Aviation Admini	stration	
Technical Center		11. Contract or Grant No.
Atlantic City Airport,	N.J. 08405	
		13. Type of Report and Period Covered
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Addre	5 \$	Technical Note
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Washington, D.C. 20591	en, Alli-470	14. Sponsoring Agency Code
washington, D.V. 20091		APM-450
15. Supplementary Notes		

16 Abstract

The purpose of this evaluation was to determine the effectiveness of proposed Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) Heliport Approach Lighting Systems under reduced visibility conditions.

Simulation test were conducted of proposed instrument approach lighting systems for heliport operations using the NASA Langley Research Center's Visual Motion Simulator. Each approach lighting configuration was paired with its associated reduced visibility criteria as specified by the Flight Procedure Standards Branch, AFS-230.

During the evaluation, pilots were instructed to fly 24 precision approaches to the heliport. Upon breakout, they were to proceed to the heliport visually using the approach lighting provided. Pilots were asked to rate the visual guidance provided by the approach lighting system after completion of each approach.

In virtually all instances the pilots felt that the approach lighting systems presented were adequate under the existing visibility conditions. Pilot comments indicated that they preferred the closer spacing between the light bars and that the wingbars added "rate of closure" information to the longer systems.

17.	17. Key Words Helicopter Heliport Instrument Approach Lighting		Document is on file at the Technical Center Library, Atlantic City Internationa Airport, N.J. 08405			
19.	Security Classif. (of this report) Unclassified	20. Security Class Unclassi		21. No. of Pages	22. Price	

1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
DOT/FAA/CT-TN87/10	AD-A189141	
4. Title and Subtitle		5. Report Date
		July 1987
HELIPORT PARKING, TAXIING		6. Performing Organisation Code
LANDING AREA CRITERIA TES	T PLAN	ACT-140
		8. Performing Organization Report No.
7. Author(s)		
Rosanne M. Weiss		DOT/FAA/CT-TN87/10
9. Performing Organization Name and Addre		10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
U.S. Department of Transp Federal Aviation Administ		
Technical Center	ration	11. Contract or Grant No. T0701R
Atlantic City Internation	al Airport N. J. 08/05	
		13. Type of Report and Period Covered
12. Spensoring Agency Name and Address U.S. Department of Transp	ortation	Technical Note
Federal Aviation Administration Program Engineering and Maintenance Service		July 1987
Washington, D.C. 20590		14. Spansaring Agency Cada
15. Supplementary Nates		

14. Abatract

This flight test plan describes the methodology to examine and validate the current heliport surface separation and maneuvering criteria as defined in the Heliport Design Guide and determine if changes can be made to the current criteria. Operational measures will be collected at the Indianapolis Heliport, Indiana, and Wall Street Heliport, New York. Additional flight tests will be conducted at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Technical Center, Atlantic City International Airport, New Jersey, using instrumented UH-1H and S-76 helicopters.

Flight manuevers at the Technical Center are to identify vertical variation from the recommeded taxiing heights and lateral variation from a predetermined path, under various wind and lighting conditions. Wind velocity and barometric pressure data will be collected during hover operations to determine rotorwash effects at different locations around a helipad, taxiway, and parking areas. This data will be used to create a baseline to be used in characterizing heliport surface maneuver areas. The test development, test equipment, data collection, and data reduction and analysis of the flight data are discussed. A schedule for the completion of the associated tasks is presented.

7. Key Words		18. Distribution States	nent	
Surface Maneuver Peripheral Area Parking Areas/Heliport Separation Criteria Heliport Parking	Heliport Helicopter Taxiways	public throu	t is available to gh the National 1 Service, Springf:	Technical ield, 22161
19. Security Classif. (of this report)	20. Security CI	assif. (of this page)	21. No. of Pages	22. Price
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1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
DOT/FAA/CT-TN87/16	AD-A183299	
4. Title and Subtitle	5. Report Date May 1987	
TEST PLAN FOR HELICOPTER G	PS APPLICATIONS	6. Performing Organization Code ACT-140
7. Author's)		8. Performing Organization Report No.
Michael Magrogan		DOT/FAA/CT-TN87/16
 Performing Organization Name and Address Department of Transportation 		10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
Federal Aviation Administr Technical Center	ation	11. Centrect or Grent No. T0701N
Atlantic City Internationa	l Airport, N.J. 08405	13. Type of Report and Period Covered
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administr	Technical Note	
Program Engineering and Ma Washington, D.C. 20590	14. Sponsaring Agency Code	
15. Supplementary Notes		

16. Abstract

This test plan describes a project designed to collect data via flight testing from the Global Positioning System (GPS) when receivers are mounted on helicopters. GPS issues to be investigated include antenna location, satellite shielding, and multipath influences which might occur with rotorcraft applications in urban downtown areas. Minimum masking angle issues will also be addressed.

GPS integrated with other navigation and guidance systems such as microwave landing system (MLS) and Loran C will also be investigated. Both precision (P) and coarse/acquistion (C/A) code receivers will be evaluated. In addition, studies will be carried out to determine how to install a GPS antenna on composite body aircraft. Further studies may be related to automatic dependent surveillance functions. Future work will include evaluation of a GPS P code receiver as a reference for flight inspection.

17. Key Words	18. Distribution Statement		
GPS Flight Inspection Satellite Navigation	This document is public through the Information Servi	available to e National To ce, Springfi	the U.S. echnical eld, Va. 22161
19 Security Classif. (of this report)	20. Security Classif. (of this page)	21. No. of Pages	22. Price
Unclassified	Unclassified	18	

1. Report No.	2 Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
DOT/FAA/CT-87/19	AD-A199212	
4. Title and Subtitle		5. Report Date. July 1988
AVIONICS SYSTEM DESIGN	FOR HIGH ENERGY FIELDS	6. Performing Organization Code
7. Author's		8. Performing Organization Report No.
Roger A McCo	onnell	DOT/FAA/CT-87/19
9. Performing Organization Name and	Address	10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
CK Consultants, Inc. 5473A Clouds Rest	11. Contract or Grant No. NAS2-12448	
Mariposa, CA 95338		13. Type of Report and Period Covered
U. S. Department of Trans	nsportation	Contractor Report
Federal Aviation Administantic City Internation	14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
15. Supplementary Notes Point of Contact:	W. E. Larsen/MS 210-2 NASA/Ames Research Center Moffett Field, CA 94035	Pete Saraceni, ACT-340 FAA Technical Center Atlantic City International Airport, NJ 08405

16. Abstract

Because of the significant differences in transient susceptibility, the use of digital electronics in flight critical systems, and the reduced shielding effects of composite materials, there is a definite need to define design practices which will minimize electromagnetic susceptibility, to investigate the operational environment, and to develop appropriate testing methods for flight critical systems.

A major part of this report describes design practices which will lead to reduced electromagnetic susceptibility of avionics systems in high energy fields. A second part describes the level of emission that can be anticipated from generic digital devices. It is assumed that as data processing equipment becomes an ever larger part of the avionics package, the construction methods of the data processing industry will increasingly carry cut into aircraft. These portions of the report should, therefore, be of particular interest to avionics engineers and designers.

This report includes an extensive bibliography on electromagnetic compatibility and avionics issues.

17. Key Words Electrom	agnetic Co	mpatibility	18. Distribe in Statement		
Susceptibility Radiation Emission Conduction Coupling Shielding Composite Materials Digital Electronics		n	Docume is available to the public through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161		
19. Security Classif, (of this report) 20. Security Class			sif. (of this page)	21- No. of Pages	22. Price
Unclassified Uncl			lassified	170	

1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
DOT/FAA/CT-TN87/19	AD-A189424	
4. Title and Subtitle MICROWAVE LANDING SYSTEM ARE	EA NAVIGATION	5. Report Pate July 1987
(MLS RNAV) TRANSFORMATION AT ACCURACY TESTING		6. Performing Organization Code ACT-140
		8. Performing Organization Report No.
7. Author's) Barry R. Billmann, James H.	Remer, and Min-Ju Chang	DOT/FAA/CT-TN87/19
P. Performing Organization Name and Addre Department of Transportation	n	10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
Federal Aviation Administra Technical Center	tion	11. Contract or Grant No.
Atlantic City International	Airport, N.J. 08405	TO701G 13. Type of Report and Pariod Covered
12. Seensering Agency Name and Address Department of Transportatio Federal Aviation Administra	Technical Note	
Program Engineering and Maintenance Service Washington, D.C. 20590		14. Sponsoring Agency Code APM-450

15. Supplementary Notes

Helicopter Program

14 Abatract

Microwave Landing System Area Navigation (MLS RNAV) is a technique which affords the ability to perform precision navigation in the terminal area of a heliport or airport. It utilizes the signal coverage provided by the MLS angle data transmitters and associated precision distance measuring equipment (DME/P). Navigation performed using an MLS RNAV system is not limited to approaches along a runway centerline or azimuth radial, but may assume any conceivable flightpath within MLS coverage. Examples of these types of approaches would include curves, segmented and oblique offset (parasite), as well as computed centerline (offset) approaches. The work presented herein treats MLS RNAV from a theoretical perspective. MLS RNAV transformation algorithms are developed and tested under real world and laboratory conditions. Anticipated system accuracy is computed under various anticipated operational scenarios. These scenarios include parasite and computed centerline approaches, including the effects of signal source error. The effects on total system accuracy of offsetting the conical elevation transmitter from the runway centerline are presented. The errors associated with computed centerline approaches when the azimuth is offset from the runway centerline is presented.

17. Key Words	18. Distribution Statement			
Area Navigation (RNAV) Helicopter Microwave Landing System (MLS) Heliport		This Document is Available to the U.S. Public Through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Va. 22161		
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4. Title end Subtille	S. Report Date October 1987		
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		8. Performing Organization Report No.	
7. Author U Albert J. Rehmann	DOT/FAA/CT-TN87/21		
Department of Transportation	9. Performing Organization Name and Address Department of Transportation		
Federal Aviation Administra Technical Center		11. Convey or Grant He. T1102A	
Atlantic City International	Airport, N.J. 08405	13. Type of Bassy and Pariod Covered Technical Note	
12. Spensoring Agency Name and Address Department of Transportatio Federal Aviation Administra	September - December 1985		
Program Engineering and Mai Washington, D.C. 20590	14. Spantaring Agency Code		
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16. Aberraet

This report documents the operational flight test of a prototype Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System (TCAS) installed in a Sikorsky S-76 helicopter. The prototype TCAS, programmed to encompass the functions of a TCAS I, was flown to five east coast terminal cities, and operated along defined helicopter routes therein. The test results validated the minimum proposed TCAS I configuration. Further results recommend enhancements, to be included as options to improve the usefulness of TCAS I.

Airborne Collision Avoidance TCAS, TCAS I Helicopter Safety Helicopter Accident Prevention		This Document is available to the U.S. public through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161		
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1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.	
DOT/FAA/PM-87/31	AD-A195283		
DOT/FAA/PP-88/1	AD-A193203		
4. Title and Subtitle		5. Report Date	
		February 1988	
Analyses of Heliport Syste	em Plans	Performing Organization Code	
7. Author (s)		8. Performing Organization Report No.	
Deborah Peisen, Jack Thomps	son	5542-6A2	
9. Performing Organization Name and A		10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)	
Systems Control Technology, I			
1611 North Kent Street, Suite	910	11. Contract or Grant No.	
Arlington, Virginia 22209		DTFA01-87-C-00014	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Addr		13. Type Report and Period Covered	
U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration		Final Report	
800 Independence Avenue, S.		14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
Washington, D.C. 20591		APS - 450, APP - 400	
15. Supplementary Notes			
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16. Abstract			
industry and services as a funct of those desired growth pattern contribution of the helicopter ca achieved through an understand economic dynamics in which the	ion of planned growth. The helicons. However, without the necessannot be realized. Determining the ding of local helicopter activities a sey occur. This allows for data bas	ty depends on a steady expansion of opter is a proven catalyst for enhancement ry support infrastructure, this positive e need for such a support system can be and the metropolitan or state-wide sociote development, including a fleet inventory, forecasting future, helicopter activity and	
plans. Planning concepts are in plans, 2) identifying data and the	esses of various existing heliport system baseline parameters for evaluating the purposes at any jurisdictional level, and iability of proposed heliport facilities.		
	The study covers four state heliport system plans (Michigan, New Jemetropolitan heliport plans (Pittsburgh, PA; Phoenix, AZ; Houston,		
This is the first document in a se plan development. The other d		ge and assist planners in heliport system	
·	Case Studies, DOT/FAA/PM-87/nning Guidelines, DOT/FAA/PM-	·	
17. Key Words	18. Distributio	on Statement	

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1. Report No.	2. Government Ad	coession No. 3.	Recipient's Catalog N	lo.
DOT/FAA/PM-87/32	AD-A195284	f		
DOT/FAA/PP-88/2	AD-A175264			
4. Title and Subtitle		5.	Report Date	
			March 1988	
Four Urban Heliport Case Studies		6.	Performing Organizat	ion Code
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7. Author (s)		8.	Performing Organizat	ion Report No.
Deborah Peisen, Jack Thompso	Deborah Peisen, Jack Thompson		5542-6A3	
9. Performing Organization Name and A	\ddsopo		Work Unit No. (TRA	IS/
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15. Supplementary Notes				
APS-450, Rotorcraft Program Of	fice, Program Engi	neering Service		
APP-400, National Planning Divi	sion, Office of Airpo	ort Planning and Program	ning	
16. Abstract				
State and city governments gene	erally realize that co	ontinued vitality depends	on a steady expan	sion of
industry and services as a function	on of planned grow	th. The helicopter is a pi	roven catalyst for er	nhancement
of those desired growth patterns	. However, without	the necessary support	infrastructure, this p	positive
contribution of the helicopter can	not be realized. De	etermining the need for s	such a support syst	em can be
achieved through an understand				
economic dynamics in which the				
and analysis to provide a founda	tion for determining	current, and forecasting	g future, helicopter a	activity and
support facility requirements.				
The purpose of this study is to de	evelop case historie	es for public-use heliport	s built in the Centra	l Business
District (CBD) of several major r	netropolitan areas.	Within each case history	, "common denomi	nators"
are identified that are useful for p	lanners in assessin	o the viability of heliport	proposals in cities t	hat exhibit
similar demographic characteristic	cs. Each case stud	v provides a general bac	karound as a setting	and an
inventory of pertinent heliport da	ta: including locatio	n. cost (when available)	. history, funding ar	nd revenue
sources, operational characterist	ics. etc.: addresses	social concerns such as	the local industrial	base, neigh-
boring land uses and zoning; and	the public and go	vernmental attitudes tow	ard the heliport.	
The study contains histories of fo				hua Street
Heliport) in Boston, MA; the Dow	ur neliports, specifi Intown Halinart in Ir	cally. The balls willing	o nonput (ana was	ow Orleans
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plan development. The other do				
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Heliport System Pla	nning Guidelines,	DOT/FAA/PM-87/33, DO		
17. Key Words		18. Distribution Stateme	nt	
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Nashua Street Heliport	Urban Heliports		ial Technical Inform	
Indianapolis Downtown Heliport	Prototype	•	d, Virginia 22161.	
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1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	Recipient's Catalog No.	
DOT/FAA/PM-87/33	ND N100001		
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4. Title and Subtitle		5. Report Date	
		April 1988	
Heliport System Plannir	g Guidelines	6. Performing Organization Code	
7. Author (s)		8. Performing Organization Report No.	
Deborah Peisen		5542-6A4	
9. Performing Organization Name an	d Address	10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)	
Systems Control Technology	Inc.		
1611 North Kent Street, Suit		11. Contract or Grant No.	
Arlington, Virginia 22209		DTFA01-87-C-00014	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and A	ddress	13. Type Report and Period Covered	
U.S. Department of Transport		Final Report	
Federal Aviation Administration			
800 Independence Avenue,		14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
Washington, D.C. 20591		APS - 450, APP - 400	
15. Supplementary Notes			

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APS-450, Rotorcraft Program Office, Program Engineering Service APP-400. National Planning Division, Office of Airport Planning and Programing

16. Abstract

State and city governments generally realize that continued vitality depends on a steady expansion of industry and services as a function of planned growth. The helicopter is a proven catalyst for enhancement of those desired growth patterns. However, without the necessary support infrastructure, this positive contribution of the helicopter cannot be realized. Determining the need for such a support system can be achieved through an understanding of local helicopter activities and the metropolitan or state-wide socio-economic dynamics in which they occur. This allows for data base development, including a fleet inventory, and analysis to provide a foundation for determining current, and forecasting future, helicopter activity and support facility requirements.

Heliport planning is a relatively new field. Previous efforts, although based on proven fixed-wing airport methods, have produced a series of uncoordinated and nonstandardized products from many various individual planners and organizations. Consequently, the data collected and the analytical processes used have not been consistant or directly comparable. This document presents fundamental planning criteria by which urban area heliport requirements may be assessed at any jurisdictional level. It offers standardization for comparability of real demand and for funding prioritization.

This is the third document in a series of three intended to encourage and assist planners in heliport system plan development. The other documents are:

Analyses of Heliport Systems Plans, DOT/FAA/PM-87/31, DOT/FAA/PP-88/1 Four Urban Heliport Case Studies, DOT/FAA/PM-87/32, DOT/FAA/PP-88/2

17. Key Words		18. Distribution Stateme	int	
Heliport Planning Helipor Urban Heliports Helipor	port Forecasting ort Site Selection t Data Collection Heliport Benefits	This document is available to the U.S. public through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161,		
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1. Poperi He.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient & Catalog No.
DOT/FAA/CT-TN87/40 I	AD-A193416	
4. Title and Subtitle		3. Account Octo August 1988
HELIPORT VISUAL APPROACH AIRSPACE TESTS, VOLUME I		4. Fortening Organisation Code ACT-140
7. Andrew Rosanne M. Weiss, Christopher J. Wolf,		S. Performing Organisation Report No.
Maureen Harris, an		DOT/FAA/CT-TN87/40, I
9. Periaman Organization Name and Address Department of Transportat		10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
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Rotorcraft Technology Bra Washington, D.C. 20590	nch, ADS-220	14. Spensoring Agency Code ADS-220, AAS-100

16. Abarrost

During the winter and spring of 1987 flight tests were conducted at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Technical Center's Concepts Development and Demonstration Heliport at the Atlantic City International Airport, N.J. The purpose of these flights was to examine and validate the current heliport approach/departure surfaces criteria as defined in the Heliport Design Guide and to recommend modifications to these surfaces, if appropriate. The flight activities were conducted using aircraft representative of those in the civilian world. Data were collected using approach surfaces of 7.125°, 8.00°, and 10.00° for straight as well as curved path procedures. Also, departure surfaces of 7.125°, 10.00°, and 12.00° for straight and curved path procedures were used. All maneuvers were tracked by ground based tracking systems.

This report documents the results of this activity. It describes the flight test and evaluation methodology and addresses technical as well as operational issues. It provides statistical and graphical analysis of pilot performance along with a discussion of pilot subjective opinions concerning the acceptability and perceived workload, safety, and control margins associated with the procedures flown.

The results of this work will be considered in the future modifications of the FAA Heliport Design Advisory Circular, AC 150/5390-2.

17. Key Weeds Heliport Approach Surface Departure Profile Heliport Design Advisory C		This document U.S. public t Technical Int Springfield,	through the life formation Ser	National rvice,
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1. Report No		
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Supplementary Notes		
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	t Research, Engineering, and -86/47) (AD-A174697). Both b	n earlier bibliography "FAA Development - Bibliography, bibliographies are limited to
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	AD-A190803			
4. Title and Subtitle	_		5. Report Date	
Very Short Range Statis	_	Of	January 1988	
Automated Weather Obser	vations		6. Performing Organization Code	
			8. Performing Organization Report No.	
7 Author's			o. Ferrorming Organization Report No.	
Robert G. Miller, Ph. I	•			
9. Performing Organization Name and Address		10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)		
U. S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and			156-410-010	
Atmospheric Administrat			11. Contract or Grant No.	
Office of Systems Devel			DTFA01-83-Y-20625	
Laboratory, 8060 13th St., Silver Spring, MD 20910		13. Type of Report and Period Covered		
 Sponsoring Agency Name and Address S. Dept. of Transpor 		ation	Final Report Oct. 1986 - Sept. 198	,
Administration, Program			oct. 1980 - Sept. 198	,
Sensors Program, APS-55			14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
Washington, D. C. 20591		,	FAA/APS-550/APS-450	
15 Supplementary Notes			01-83-Y-20625, managed by	
and Helicopter Program, 16. Abstract A procedure is developed short range period of 1 Observing System (AWOS) founded on Markov assum operator. Details are getting the street of the	APS-450, Navigation of for providing west of the second of	ather forecase of minutes. It is and property and propert	sting guidance over the tuses the Automated Weathedictands. The model is egression as the statistic conential Markov (GEM) model	ner cal
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4. Title and Submile		5. Report Date
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7. Author/ s)		8. Performing Organisation Report No.
Marvin S. Plotka and Rosanne M. Weiss		DOT/FAA/CT-TN88/5
9. Performing Organization Name and Address U.S. Department of Transport		10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
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This Technical Note identifies procedures to be used during tests to be conducted at the Albuquerque International Airport (ABQ), Albuquerque, New Mexico. These tests are designed to evaluate the applicability of existing heliport approach and departure surface criteria under high temperature and high altitude conditions. A UH-lH aircraft will be used. This project is similar to the work documented in DOT/FAA/CT-1387/40 "Heliport Approach and Departure Airspace Tests."

VMC Approach Surfaces, Heliport Helicopter, Clear Surfaces High Density Altitude High Altitude		This document is available to the U.S. public through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Va. 22161		
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I. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	Recipient's Catalog No.
DOT/FAA/DS-88/5	AD-A197694	
4. Title and Subtitle		5. Report Date
Aeronautical Decision Making For Air Ambulance Helicopter Pilots: Learning From Past Mistakes		July 1988
		6. Performing Organization Code
. Author (s)		8. Performing Organization Report No.
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). Performing Organization Nam	e and Address	10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
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1611 North Kent Street, S Arlington, Virginia 22209	Suite 910	11. Contract or Grant No. DTFA01-87-C-00014, W.O.5A
2. Sponsoring Agency Name a	nd Address	13. Type Report and Period Covered
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Importance of decision ma responsibility between ho dispatchers and physician of reference that will ensu	s are based upon actual helicopter air ambulaking and judgement during all phases of flig spital administrators, vendors, chief pilots, has. It is to everyones advantage to establish are safety. Sees are the first element of a multi-volume sees.	pht. Improving safety is a shared nead nurses, pilots, air medics, and support an operational frame
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Aeronautical Decision I Pilots: Situational Av Risk Management for A	Air Ambulance Helicopter Operators	
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history. They enhance th	es, risk anayses and lessons learned are tak- le basic manual: "Aeronautical Decision Ma decision errors which contributed to acciden	king for Helicopter Pilots" by providing

The accident summaries, risk analyses and lessons learned are taken directly from helicopter air ambulance history. They enhance the basic manual: "Aeronautical Decision Making for Helicopter Pilots" by providing an insight to the types of decision errors which contributed to accidents in the past. This manual contains introductory and tutorial material necessary for improving basic decision making skills. Some material contained in that manual and not included in this one are: rotorcraft risk assessment; the self-awareness inventory; identifying and reducing stress; and headwork. Reading and understanding the concepts of decision making will improve the pilot's ability to analyze the accident scenarios contained herein.

Human Performance Decision Making Aviation Safety Helicopter Pilot Aviation Training Helicopters Pilot Error Rotorcraft	This document is available to the U.S. public through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161.
19. Security Classif. (of this report) 20. Security Unclassified Unclass	Classif. (of this page) 21. No. of Pages 22. Price 44

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16. Abstract			 	
The following materials are	based upon actual h	elicopter air ambulance a	accidents. They cov	er four broad
accident types most recently a	ssociated with aeror	nedical accidents: night	flying, weather, obs	stacle strikes,
and mechanical failures. Three	e types of informatio	n are included for each a	ccident type. Thes	e are:
introductory/background mater	ial to provide you wi	th the historical importar	nce and frequency	of each
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decision making exercises.				
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This is only one element of a				
helicopter air ambulance accid	ent rate and keep it	under control hereafter.	The other volumes	s include:
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16. Abstract			
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 Report No. NASA CR 177483, Vol.1 DOT/FAA/PS-88/8, Vol.1 DOT/FAA/DS-88/2, Vol.1 	2. Government Accession No. N89-25453	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
4. Title and Subtitle "Zero/Zero" Rotorcraft Certification Volume I. Franctics Suppose Volume I. Franctics Suppose Volume I. Franctics Suppose Volume I. Franctics Suppose Volume I. Franctics Suppose Volume I. Franctics Suppose Volume I. Franctics Suppose Volume I. Franctics Suppose Volume I. Franctics Suppose Volume I. Franctics Suppose Volume I. Franctics Suppose Volume II. Franctics Suppose V	ssues	5. Report Date July 1988
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7. Author (s)		8. Performing Organization Report No.
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1611 North Kent Street, Suite 9	910	11. Contract or Grant No.
Arlington, Virginia 22209		NAS2-12478
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Addre	ess	13. Type Report and Period Covered
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Washington, D.C. 20591		ADS-220
15 Supplementary Notes		

15. Supplementary Notes

In a recent reorganization the FAA Rotorcraft R&D Program Branch, APS-450, has become the Rotorcraft Technology Branch, ADS-220.

16. Abstract

This report analyzes the "Zero/Zero" Rotorcraft Certification Issues from the perspectives of manufacturers, operators, researchers and the FAA. The basic premise behind this analysis is that "zero/zero", or at least extremely low visibility, rotorcraft operations are feasable today from both a technological and an operational standpoint. The questions and issues that need to be resolved are: What certification requirements do we need to ensure safety? Can we develop procedures which capitalize on the performance and maneuvering capabilities unique to rotorcraft? Will extremely low visibility operations be economically feasable?

Volume I of this report provides an overview of the Certification Issues Forum held in Phoenix, Arizona in August of 1987. It presents a consensus of 48 experts from the government, manufacturer, and research communities on 50 specific Certification Issues. The topics of Operational Requirements, Procedures, Airworthiness and Engineering Capabilities are discussed.

Volume II presents the operator perspectives (system needs), applicable technology and "zero/zero" concepts developed in the first 12 months of research of this project.

Volume ill provides the issue-by-issue deliberations of the experts involved in the Working Groups assigned to deal with them in the Issues Forum.

17. Key Words	•	18. Distribution Statement		
Rotorcraft Helicopter Low Visibility Approact Low Speed Approact		This document is available to the U.S. public through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161		
19. Security Classif. (of this Unclassified	· '	Classif. (of this page) 2	21. No. of Pages 34	22. Price

Report No. NASA CR 177483, Vol.II DOT/FAA/PS-88/8, Vol.II DOT/FAA/DS-88/2, Vol.II	2. Government Accession No. N89-25454	Recipient's Catalog No.
Title and Subtitle "Zero/Zero" Rotorcraft Certification Volume I Executive Summary Volume II Plenary Session P	resentations	S. Report Date July 1988 6. Performing Organization Code
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1611 North Kent Street, Suite Arlington, Virginia 22209		11. Contract or Grant No. NAS2-12478
Sponsoring Agency Name and Address U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration		13. Type Report and Period Covered Final Report
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19. Security Classif. (o	f this report)	20. Security Clas	sif. (of this page)	21. No. of Pages	22. Price

Report No. NASA CR 177483, Vol.III DOT/FAA/PS-88/8, Vol.III DOT/FAA/DS-88/2, Vol.III	2. Government Accession No. N89-25455	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
4. Title and Subtitle "Zero/Zero" Rotorcraft Certification Iss Volume I Executive Summary Volume II Plenary Session Pres Volume III Working Group Results 7. Author (s)	entations	5. Report Date July 1988 6. Performing Organization Code 8. Performing Organization Report No.
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Systems Control Technology, Inc.		10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS) 11. Contract or Grant No.
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800 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20591 15. Supplementary Notes		14. Sponsoring Agency Code ADS-220

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17. Key Words Rotorcraft Advanced Approaches Helicopter Steep Approaches Low Visibility Approaches Heliports Low Speed Approaches		18. Distribution Statement This document is available to the U.S. public through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161		
19. Security Classif. (of this report) Unclassified	20. Security Class Unclassified	, , , , , ,	21. No. of Pages 66	22. Price

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DOT/FAA/CT-88/21	AD-A199163	
4. Title and Subtitle		5. Report Date
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Rotor Fragment Protection Program.

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1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.
DOT/FAA/CT-88/23	AD-A199002	
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FAILURES THAT OCCURRED IN U DURING 1982	.S. COMMERCIAL AVIATION	6. Performing Organization Code PE32
7. Author's) R. A. Delucia and J. T. Salvino		B. Performing Organization Report No DOT/FAA/CT-88/23
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Commanding Officer		10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
Naval Air Propulsion Center PO Box 7176		11. Contract or Grant No. DOT/FA71NA AP98
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15 Supplementary Notes		

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PROJECT MANAGER: Bruce C. Fenton

FAA Technical Center

Atlantic City International Airport, NJ 08405

16. Abstract

This report presents statistics relating to gas turbine engine rotor failures which occurred during 1982 in U. S. commercial aviation service use. One-hundred and sixty-one rotor failures occurred in 1982. Rotor fragments were generated in 88 of the failures and, of these, 16 were uncontained. The predominant failure involved blade fragments. Seven disk failures occurred and all were uncontained. Seventy percent of the 161 failures occurred during the takeoff and climb stages of flight.

This service data analysis is prepared on a calendar year basis and published yearly. The data support flight safety analysis, proposed regulatory actions, certification standards, and cost benefit analyses.

17. Key Words Air Transportation Aircraft Hazards Aircraft Safety Gas Turbine Engine Rotor Failures Containment		This document is available to the U.S. Public through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161		echnical
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